

The Chelsea Standard

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1917.

VOL. 46 NO. 37

Smut Destroyer

By using DR. LAPE'S SMUT DESTROYER as directed smut and its attendant evils will be a thing of the past. All oats have some smut. This preparation is GUARANTEED TO PREVENT IT.

Pint Bottles, \$2.00. Try It.

Grocery Department

VALUE AND QUALITY

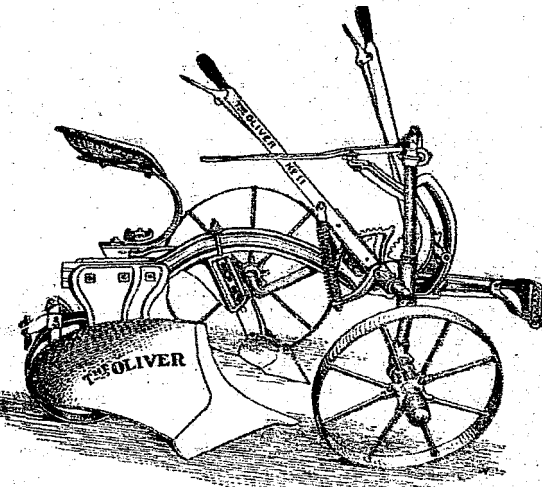
The value of your money depends on where you take it. The dollars are worth more at this store. Poor quality goods are dear at any price. You get quality only here.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

Phone 53

Free Delivery

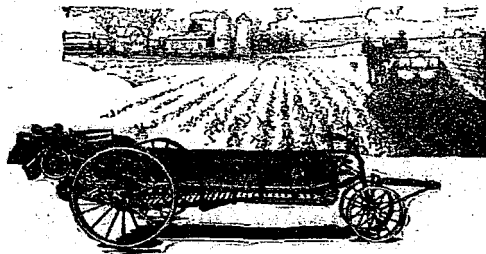
HOLMES & WALKER



There is no other Plow that gives you so much satisfaction as the Oliver, both in the Horse Lift Riding Plow and the Walking Plow. See them before you purchase. We have them at the low prices.

HARROWS—Spring tooth, the best ever, 17-tooth, \$17.00 23-tooth \$23.00; 25-tooth, \$25.00; while they last.

DRILLS—The very best makes—the Empire and Superior, the lightest draft drills on the market, and the lowest in price.



Quick Spreading with a Low Cloverleaf

WHEN you are covering a strip eight feet wide or better, every time you haul out a load of manure, it does not take long to get the field covered. That's what the Low Cloverleaf does—spreads eight feet wide, or even more under certain conditions. And the manure can be spread just as thick, eight feet wide, as it was in the four-foot strip of the old fashioned spreader. This wide spread feature is a wonder.

Honestly, there are so many good things to say about the Low Cloverleaf spreader that we haven't the space to tell you all about it. Drop in when you can and look at the one we have set up. The wide spread feature is part of the machine—not an extra.

WE HAVE SOME WOVEN WIRE FENCING LEFT

THE LARGEST LINE OF FURNITURE TO SELECT FROM

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS

WATERLOO DOINGS.

Walter Koelz, of Ann Arbor, is spending this week with his parents here.

Lewis Gorton, of Detroit, spent Saturday and Sunday with his brothers here.

Mrs. John Thelan and son, of Osnaberg, Ohio, is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Moeckel and daughter, of near Grass Lake, spent Sunday with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Barber.

Miss Isabella Gorton returned to Detroit Sunday to resume her school work after spending the past week at the home of her parents here.

FREEDOM ITEMS.

Barney Bertke was in Ann Arbor on business Monday.

Miss Ida Seitz, of Chelsea, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Wm. Eschelbach.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Geyer spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Geyer.

Mr. and Mrs. August Tirk, of Clinton, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Tirk.

Miss Elsie Bahamiller, of Manchester, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Henry Feldkamp.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Koebbe have moved to their new home known as the Henry Feldkamp place.

Mrs. Barbara Manz is very ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Henry Feldkamp.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. John's church will hold their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. John Trinkle.

Clarence Bertke spent a couple of days of last week in Ann Arbor at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hawley and family.

Mrs. Lewis Hauser and daughter Lucile, of Chelsea, have been spending the past week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herman Niehaus.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Koenigter and daughters Elsie and Hilda spent Easter at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wacker, of Lansing.

Mr. and Mrs. Gottlieb Koenigter, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Orbring, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Hauser, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Niehaus spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Niehaus and family.

FRANCISCO VILLAGE.

Mrs. O. D. Somerville was a Jackson shopper Saturday.

Miss Mabel Kalmbach spent Sunday with her parents near Sylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Benter, of Detroit, spent Easter at the parental home.

Harold Schmickert, of Detroit, was the guest of Miss Selma Benter Easter.

George Scherer went to Flint to bring home his Dord car that he purchased last fall.

Edward Bohne, of north Francisco, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Bohne Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmanuel Sager, of west Francisco, spent Sunday with Mrs. Mathilda Horning.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kalmbach, of Dearborn, visited at the parental home the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Kalmbach, of Detroit, are the parents of a daughter, born Friday, March 30, 1917.

Edward Peterson, of Bay City, was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bohne Easter Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Winfield and daughter Catherine, of Jackson, spent Sunday with Mrs. Martha Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Jones, of Jackson, spent the first of the week with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Seid.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Binder and children, of Jackson, visited at Mr. and Mrs. John Seid's one day last week.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, of Chelsea, gave Mrs. Martha Seckinger a pastoral call Wednesday of last week, he also conducted the devotional exercises at the monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of St. John's church.

SHARON NEWS.

Walter Lutz spent Sunday with his parents in Trist.

Miss Florence Reno visited her cousin, Mrs. James Struthers, Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Heschewerdt have moved to their new home on the C. J. Heschewerdt farm.

Henry Heschewerdt has moved his sawing rig to John Schable's farm and is sawing lumber there.

Mrs. Henry Rushon and Mrs. John Gumpfer, of Manchester, called on Mrs. H. J. Reno last Tuesday.

Miss Elizabeth Lemm and Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Lemm and daughter Lucile, of Detroit, visited Mrs. J. R. Lemm Sunday.

Mrs. E. W. Beutler and daughter Anna, of Chelsea, spent the latter part of last week with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lehman.

The Epworth League will hold their monthly business meeting and social hour at the home of Fred Lehman on Friday evening.

The sunrise service was quite well attended Easter morning. The devotional meeting of the Epworth League next Sunday evening will be in charge of Mrs. F. Ellis. Topic, "How God Guides."

LIMA TOWNSHIP NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Lindauer spent Saturday in Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto D. Luick were Ann Arbor visitors one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frey spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Koch.

Herman Gross, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gross.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Zahn spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Gross.

Mrs. Kate Niehaus spent Sunday in Chelsea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Hauser.

Miss Emma Kaercher, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Vern Combs.

Miss Martha Seltz, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. P. Seltz, sr.

Miss Ethel Whipple spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Steigelmair, of Jackson.

Mrs. E. Toomey and Miss C. Whitaker, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Downer and family, of Chelsea, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Mason Whipple.

NORTH FRANCISCO.

Ray Mensing spent Monday in Jackson.

Mrs. Erie Notten entertained her relatives Easter Sunday.

Mrs. Ada Mensing was a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Schweinfurth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Loveland and family visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Notten Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Havens and Charles Meyers spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Notten.

Mrs. Ella Mast, of Chelsea, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Schweinfurth.

Mrs. Henry Gieske and Mrs. Lena Whitaker were callers at the home of Mrs. Bertie Orbring Monday.

Mrs. Elsie Field has returned to her home in Schultz after spending the winter with relatives in this vicinity.

Ray and Ray Irway, of Schultz, spent a few hours on their way home from Detroit with relatives in this vicinity.

The Easter exercises held in the Salem German M. E. church were well attended and a fine program was carried out.

The shower given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Kilmer Friday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Brosamle was well attended.

Hammond & Bartch, painter, decorators, woodfinishers, paperhangers, Estimates cheerfully given. 130 East st., Chelsea.

UNADILLA NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Cranna and daughters were Chelsea visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Durkee, of Jackson, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Palmer have moved into the Wheeler house next to the store.

A. C. Watson, of Ann Arbor, and Miss Emma Pyper, of Jackson, spent Sunday here.

The men of the M. E. church will hold an egg social in the basement of the church on Friday, April 20.

LYNDON ITEMS

Mrs. P. Prendergast spent last week in Detroit.

Miss Anna McKune, of Detroit, spent Sunday with relatives here.

John Walsh, of Dexter, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cassidy.

Francis Lusty, of Jackson, spent Easter with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lusty.

Miss Liolla Remnant, of Jackson, spent the week end with Mrs. H. T. McKone and family.

A ribbon social will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Quiann, near Sugar Loaf Lake, on Saturday evening, April 14. Each girl to bring a ribbon in which her name is concealed and something to eat. A short program will be given and the proceeds used for the school library. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

NORTH LAKE NOTES.

Wm. Burkhardt has purchased a new Ford.

Miss Irene Dupuis, of Detroit, is spending this week with Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Noah.

Mrs. A. J. VanHorn, of Chelsea, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at this place.

M. J. Dunkel and children, of Chelsea, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Hineshey.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Boyce and son Ellis, of Anderson, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Neah.

Mrs. Bruce, of Albion, is spending some time at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Glenn, of Glennbrook Stock Farm.

Miss Clara Fuller, of Webster, spent the week end with her parents here. Her sister, Miss Jenny, returned home with her to spend the week.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the North Lake church will give a maple sugar social at the Grange hall on Friday evening, April 20. All are invited.

Tuberculosis Clinics.

Anniversary tuberculosis clinics such as are being held in many counties will be conducted in Washtenaw county during the last week in April. They will be under the auspices of the state board of health tuberculosis survey and they will be in commemoration of the series of clinics held a year ago in the county tuberculosis survey.

The following schedule has been arranged: Saline, April 23; Manchester, April 24; Chelsea, April 25; Whitmore Lake, April 26; Salem, April 27 and Ann Arbor, April 28.

These free public examinations will be from ten o'clock each morning, till four in the afternoon; they will include examinations for tuberculosis and also for defective teeth, tonsils and adenoids. The clinics are however not alone for children but for all persons who are physically run down whether they suspect they have tuberculosis or not. While under the auspices of the state board of health the active work of the free clinics will be taken charge of by the university hospital circle of King's Daughters.

Dale-Gilbert Wedding.

Miss Cecil Dale, of Rochester, N. Y., and Mr. Earl E. Gilbert, son of Alfred Gilbert, of Chelsea, were quietly united in marriage on Saturday, March 31, 1917, at the home of Rev. Wallace, of Detroit. They were attended by the bride's mother, Miss Lena M. Gilbert and Mr. and Mrs. Max Ormsby. After the ceremony a dinner was given at the Hotel Statler in honor of the bride and groom.

FREEMAN & RUNCIMAN

Drugs

Our Drug Department is in charge of an experienced Pharmacist. All Prescriptions and Recipes carefully compounded. WE INVITE YOU TO CALL

Groceries

Here are a few of our Grocery Specials:

3 Pounds Best Rice.....	25c
10 Bars Laundry Soap.....	25c
6 Pounds Rolled Oats.....	25c
3 Packages Corn Flakes.....	25c
3 Packages Macaroni.....	25c

Try our 25c Coffee—it will please you.

SEE US BEFORE BUYING YOUR WALL PAPER

FREEMAN & RUNCIMAN

IT IS TIME TO BUY

That Set of Harness, your Spring Tooth Harrow, Land Roller, Corn Planter, Disc Harrow, and you are surely not going to get along without a J. I. Case Sulky Plow, the one man can draw.

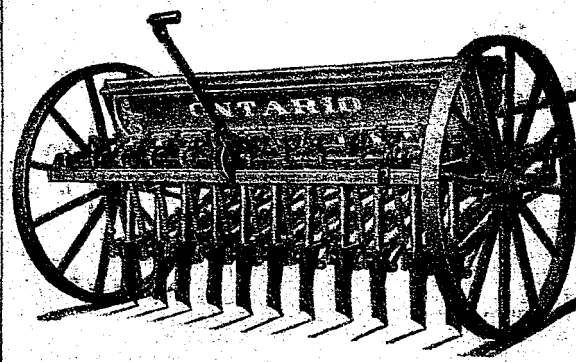
We Have Them.

As usual we are headquarters for Furniture and Hardware.

Dancer Hardware Co.

WE Are Here to Serve YOU.

ARCHIE B. CLARK, Pres. J. N. DANCER, Treas. J. B. COLE, Sec.



Ontario Drill Features

It has anti-friction roller bearings throughout.

It has the most accurate, even-sowing, double-force feed distributor on the market, and will sow small grain, corn, peas, beets, etc., with the same distributors. No special equipment to bother with.

It is evenly balanced; no neck-weight and a very light draft, owing to the proper balance and construction of driving mechanism.

It has a direct gear drive, always in position. No loose gears.

It has a double force feed grass seeder, same as grain drive mechanism.

It has a strong wheel with spring hub ratchet, which takes care of wear and lost motion in ratchet, and both wheels drive.

It is a strong, light, well-built, well-finished drill, and the best to be had in drill construction.

Call and let us show you the Ontario. It will convince you that it is the drill to buy.

PHONE 20-W HINDELANG & FAHRNER

No Eggs, Milk or Butter

The following recipe shows how an appetizing, wholesome cake can be made without expensive ingredients.

In many other recipes the number of eggs may be reduced one-half or more by using an additional quantity of ROYAL Baking Powder, about a teaspoon, in place of each egg omitted.

EGGLESS, MILKLESS, BUTTERLESS CAKE

1 cup brown sugar
1 1/2 cups water
1 cup seeded raisins
2 ounces citron
2 cup shortening

1 teaspoon nutmeg
1 teaspoon cinnamon
1/2 teaspoon salt
2 cups flour
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

The old method (fruit cake) called for 2 eggs

DIRECTIONS—Put the first eight ingredients into saucepan and boil three minutes. When cool, add the flour and baking powder which have been sifted together, mix well. Bake in 8" cake pan in hot oven in test pan round tin with hole in center (is best) for 35 or 40 minutes. Ice with white icing.

Booklet of recipes which economize in eggs and other expensive ingredients mailed free. Address Royal Baking Powder Co., 125 William Street, New York.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Made from Cream of Tartar, derived from grapes, adds none but healthful qualities to the food.

No Alum No Phosphate No Bitter Taste

The Pie Market.

The influx of pieplant from the South has caused a strong demand in fashionable quarters for rhubarb pie. "deep dish preferred" selling at a slight advance over "common." The result has been the expected seasonal slump in the staple pumpkin, although there is still some reactionary trading in that commodity. Apple sold off on account of the public fancy for the new comer, but is expected to recover when money tightens later in the week. Lemon meringue was dull. Always an off season pie, it is expected soon to fall back to the level of custard and coconut, attractive only to a certain conservative class of investors. Boston cream was slow and colorless, and it is reported that the governors expect to take it from the pie market list and let it go back to the cake curb, where it naturally belongs. No trading in mince, which is expected to pass its next dividend.—New York Sun.

The Soy Bean.

In 1915 the United States imported more than 3,837,000 pounds of soy beans, valued at approximately \$87,000; nearly 6,000,000 pounds of cake, valued at \$24,000; and over 19,000,000 pounds of oil valued at nearly \$900,000.

CLEAR AWAY PIMPLES

Does Cuticura Ointment—Assisted by Cuticura Soap—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring smear the affected surfaces gently with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water. When the skin is clear keep it so by using Cuticura for every-day toilet and nursing purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address Postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Appraising Father's Wealth.

When the kid went to Sunday school the lesson was evidently about how it is easier for a camel to go through a needle's eye than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven.

"Dad," said the boy, "you're awfully rich, aren't you?"

"Why, no, son," answered the father, "not so terribly rich."

"Well, you're pretty rich, anyhow, aren't you?"

"I don't call myself rich at all. Why?"

"Are you rich enough to go to Hades?"

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams*.

In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

His Specialty.

"Did I understand you to say that this gentleman is an impresario?"

"That's what he calls himself."

"Then he must know a great many grand opera stars."

"Oh, I dare say he has met a few in vaudeville. He directs a troupe of trained apes."

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Powder, the antiseptic powder for the feet. (Shakes out the shoe and sprinkles in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight shoes feel easy and gives instant relief to corns and bunions. Try it today. Sold everywhere, Inc. For FREE trial package address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.—Adv.

Up to Date.

Sunday School Teacher—Willie, who was born in Bethlehem?

Willie—Charles M. Schwab.

If a man tells a woman she has a musical laugh, she will fall for any old joke he may get off.

"Glad to meet you," is what one man usually says when introduced to another—but is he?

AUSTRIAN SHIPS ARE SEIZED BY U.S.

FIFTEEN MERCHANT VESSELS INTERNED IN AMERICAN PORTS TAKEN.

AMBASSADOR IS RECALLED

Telegrams Prepared In Advance in Anticipation of Break Sent to Representative in Austria.

Washington—Austria-Hungary, ranging herself unreservedly with Germany, has severed diplomatic relations with the United States.

Baron Erich Zwiadinek, the Austrian charge, asked the state department for passports for himself, his staff and the Austrian consular force in this country; and simultaneously American Minister Stovall reported from Berlin that Austria had announced the break in relations to the American embassy in Vienna.

Immediately the treasury department ordered the seizure of 15 Austrian merchant ships in American harbors. Austrian crews were taken off and sent to immigration stations and American guards put on board.

Telegrams prepared a week ago in anticipation of this development, were sent to American diplomatic and consular officials abroad instructing them to wind up their conduct of Entente interests in Entente countries.

Spain has taken over American interests in Austria, and Sweden has assumed Austrian interests here.

The Austrian vessels taken were at Atlantic or gulf ports, as follows:

At New York, the Dora, Himalala, Ida and Martha Washington; at Boston, the Erny; at Philadelphia, the Franconia; at Newport News, the Budapest; at Pensacola, the Lucia; at Tampa, the Borneo; at New Orleans, the Anna Clara and Tereza, and at Galveston, the Campana and Moravia.

The tonnage of the vessels totals approximately 67,000. The largest is the Martha Washington at New York, of 8,312 tons and passenger accommodations for 1,100 persons; the smallest is the Anna at New Orleans, of 1,575 tons. The second largest is the Dora, of 7,037 tons. Most of the others are between 3,500 and 5,000 tons register and are freighters. All have been self-interested since the beginning of the war.

VOTE REFORM FOR GERMANY

Kaiser Says Masses Are to Have Vote After War.

Amsterdam—Direct and secret election of delegates in Prussia at the end of the war, is provided for by Emperor William in his order to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg directing reforms in the Prussian electoral law.

He declares "In view of the gigantic deeds of the entire people there is no more room in Prussia for elections by the classes."

The action of the emperor is interpreted as an attempt to check the insistent demand for an immediate franchise reform. The concessions are only partial, as provision is not made for an equal ballot. This undoubtedly means extra votes still be granted individuals for wealth and educational qualifications.

NO MORE MAIL TO GERMANY

Postmaster General Suspends Service During the War.

Washington—Postmaster General Burleson has suspended mail service to Germany during the war.

He also instructed all postoffices to refuse any mail destined for Austria, Hungary, Luxembourg, Bulgaria, and Turkey, as it cannot be dispatched at present without passing through Germany.

Mail from the countries last named, which may be received in the United States, will be sent forward to destination.

Postmaster General Burleson also has suspended postal money orders between the United States and the German empire.

Potoskey—Harry Keller, who lives near Cross village, walked to Levering, 18 miles, to get medicine for his mother, Mrs. Andrew Keller. On reaching Levering, he received word that his mother had died.

Maudsley—Less than two hours after hearing that war had been declared, Capt. John Stronach, Jr., announced that he would organize a military company and issued a call for volunteers.

Detroit—Patriotic reasons have caused the abandonment of the 1517 anniversary cruise of the Detroit Board of Commerce.

Houghton—The Upper Peninsula Road Engineers association, composed of the highway engineers of the 17 counties of the upper peninsula, adopted a resolution recommending to the commissions of the various counties that no road work be undertaken this year on account of the war. The suggestion was made in order to release men that might be used in road work to the service of the government.

RETURNS TO AMERICA



FREDERICK C. PENFIELD.

American Ambassador to Austria who was ordered to return home when diplomatic relations with Austria were broken.

NO STRIKES DURING THE WAR

Committee Headed by Gompers Says Labor Will Be Loyal to Nation.

Washington—No strikes or labor disputes of any kind during the war. This is the program of the labor committee of the Council of National Defense's advisory commission, headed by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor.

In a report unanimously adopted by the council and commission the committee declares "the defense and safety of the nation must be the first consideration of all patriotic citizens," and proposes whenever emergencies arise requiring a change of standards, such changes should be made only after investigation and approval by the council of national defense.

Since the labor committee membership includes both leaders of organized labor and representatives of influential employers, its action is interpreted as giving the United States promise of complete freedom from industrial disputes such as hampered England early in the war.

BRITISH GAIN ON WEST FRONT

Berlin War Office Admits Retreat on Several Points.

London—What seemingly is the commencement of a big offensive by the British forces in France has begun along a 15-mile line extending from Lens to the village of Henin-Sartre, lying to the southeast of Arras.

On the entire line big gains in terrain have everywhere been made. Heavy casualties have been inflicted on the Germans and, in addition, prisoners running into the thousands—and great quantities of war material were captured.

The official communication issued by the war office at Berlin says that heavy fighting took place on both sides of Arras, "the enemy having forced his way into parts of our positions." The report adds that there was strong artillery firing on the Aisne and Champagne fronts.

NAVY IS READY FOR ACTION

Ships at Sea But News of Movements Withheld By Government.

Washington—The nation has settled down to "watch the fleet" as President Wilson, his executive lieutenants and congress prepared for the long drive to carry out the stupendous war plans which have been agreed upon.

The first real war news, Washington believes, will come from "somewhere in the Atlantic," where the American grand fleet is under orders shrouded in mystery. No word as to the disposition of a single unit of the fleet will be given out at the navy department, Secretary Daniels said, until there is definite news of actual occurrences.

The censorship will be rigidly maintained until an actual engagement has taken place, and even then the announcement may be delayed.

Meantime America's naval force is at sea, ready for action, whether it be against the submarine menace that strikes in the dark, or German raiders, skulking in the by-ways of the seven seas.

Lapeer—Fire of undetermined origin caused damage of \$60,000 to four business firms here.

Lansing—Michigan wheat was damaged during March according to the reports of 298 crop correspondents, while 229 say no damage was done. The average condition of wheat in the state is 86, meadows 89, horses and sheep 95, cattle 93 and swine 92. The prospect for an average crop of the various kinds of fruit follows: Apples, 80; pears, 76; peaches, 46; plums, 80; cherries, 76; small fruit, 82.

EXPLOSION WRECKS SHRAPNEL FACTORY

ONE HUNDRED TWELVE KILLED AND 121 INJURED BY SERIES OF BLASTS.

DEATH TOLL MAY REACH 150

Many of Injured Are Mortally Hurt and Will Die—Others Maimed for Life.

Chester, Pa.—One hundred and twelve persons, most of them young women and girls, are known to have been killed and 121 injured by a series of terrific and mysterious explosions in the shrapnel factory of the Eddystone Ammunition corporation at Eddystone, one mile from this city.

Many of the injured were mortally hurt. It is feared the final death list will reach 150, while others probably will be maimed for life.

How any of the 300 or more employed in the building, in which was stored approximately 30,000 shells, escaped is almost beyond conception. There was scarcely a fragment of the structure left intact. Fire added to the horror.

Most of the bodies were so badly charred identification was impossible. Twenty Philadelphia detectives were sent to Eddystone soon after the explosion on a rumor it was the result of a plot. After spending several hours investigating, they reported they had learned from officials of the corporation who had investigated, that a quantity of shrapnel had been placed near a radiator and the heat might easily have exploded it. In their opinion the explosion was purely accidental.

The explosion, which was felt in Philadelphia, 15 miles away, occurred in what is known as the "10-F" building, a two-story structure, 75 by 400 feet. In this building, time fuses were prepared, more than 80 per cent of the workers being women and girls.

The financial loss is estimated at less than \$25,000, not including ammunition destroyed. Work in all departments will be in full operation by April 24.

The Eddystone Ammunition corporation which was organized originally by interests identified with the Baldwin locomotive works and operated by these interests, was taken last September by a commission representing the British and Russian governments. Since that time this commission has been carrying on the manufacture of munitions for Entente Allies. More than 10,000 persons are employed in the plant.

FARMER DIES UNDER AUTO

Machine Turns Turtle in Creek Pining Him Beneath It.

Allegan—While returning to his farm in an automobile Austin P. Cook, a farmer residing near here, lost control of his machine and it crashed over an embankment and into a creek, turning turtle and pinning Cook beneath it.

Residents of the vicinity say they heard an auto horn blown at intervals for about a half hour but as it was late and it is customary for autoists to disturb their slumbers no persons investigated.

A farmer on his way to town Tuesday morning passed the spot and saw the automobile lying in the creek. Cook's body, except his face was covered by the water and when the body was dragged forth it was found Cook had been dead for many hours. It is believed he died of exposure. He had been pushing the button which sounded the horn until he became too cold to use his fingers.

CONSTANTINOPLE FOR TURKS

Russia Relinquishes Claim for Warm Sea Harbor As Peace Price.

Petrograd—The provisional government has announced relinquishment of its claim of Constantinople and a warm sea harbor as part of Russia's price for peace, as previously stated by the bureaucratic regime, and disclaimed any policy of territorial expansion.

The proclamation specifically explains: "The government deems it a duty to declare that free Russia does not aim at domination of other nations, nor the occupation by force of foreign territories."

"Russia does not lust for strengthening of her power abroad at the expense of other nations. The government does not aim to subjugate or humiliate anyone. These principles constitute the basis of its foreign policy."

Cadillac—It has been practically decided to employ a district Y. M. C. A. secretary for Westford, Milwaukee, Kankakee, Grand Traverse, Benzie, Leelanau, Charlevoix, Antrim and Emmet counties.

Hilldale—A deal which will involve the expenditure of between \$30,000 and \$40,000 has been consummated by the Hilldale Grocery company, which has purchased the Boyd hotel property from W. J. Boyd and a lot adjoining. The company will erect a warehouse.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers.

The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of all shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the Fashion Centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoemakers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

Ask your shoe dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you with the kind you want, take an order on W. L. Douglas. Write for interesting booklet explaining how to get shoes of the highest standard of quality for the price, by return mail, postage free.

LOOK FOR W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom.

W. L. Douglas \$3.00 \$2.50 & \$2.00

President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 165 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

The Biter Bitten. An Indianapolis wife took one of her children to a throat specialist. The specialist looked into the juvenile throat. "Tonsils poorly taken out," he declared crisply. "Have to be done over again."

Then followed a brief explanation of the reason why the offending tonsils should be attended to again. "Who did this work?" asked the doctor, his face assuming a keenly professional air as though he must know who had been thus derelict in his profession. "You did," said the mother with a smile. And the doctor smiled too.—Indianapolis News.

BILIOUS, HEADACHY, SICK "CASCARETS"

Gently cleanse your liver and sluggish bowels while you sleep.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath—always trace them to torpid liver; delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the congested waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months. Adv.

Concurrent Opinions. "Isn't that girl a peach?" "Indeed, she is; she is just sweet enough to eat."

Only One "PROMO QUININE" To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE PROMO QUININE. Look for signature of R. W. HAYES. Get a Copy in One Day.

The mills of fashion grind swiftly, but they grind exceedingly slowly.

Amazon river can be navigated 2,500 miles by ocean steamers.

Old Looks? (BY DR. L. H. SMITH) Persons suffering from too much uric acid in the system frequently look older than they should. They age faster and the appearance of gray hair or balding in early years is, indeed, often a sign of uric acid. The face appears lean and haggard, lines and wrinkles appearing in young men or women.

The best way to combat this premature age and the obstruction to the arteries and faulty circulation is of the simplest: Drink copiously of pure water between meals. This will not make you fat, as it is only the water taken with the meals that fattens. Obtain at any drug store a package of Auric, double strength, which is to be taken before meals, in order to expel the uric acid from the system. The painful effects of backache, lumbago, rheumatism, gout, due to uric acid in the blood should quickly disappear after treatment with Auric.

MUCH SAID IN FEW WORDS. Detroit, Mich.—"I consider that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery saved my father's life. He was sick for about one year and a half. Finally he got very bad, was so bad he was spitting blood and the doctors all gave him up, said there was no hope for him. We got him the Golden Medical Discovery and it gave him relief to a certain extent in less than 24 hours, and to a year he was as well as ever—was well and hearty ever afterwards."

MRS. LINDA SMITH 279 Junction Ave. All druggists. Liquid or tablets. Get sent Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. \$1.00 for large package of tablets.

Sheep Music Bargains!! Song hits, accessories and sheet music. Catalog of music. P. R. SMITH, 1225 Broadway, New York.

W. N. U., DETROIT, MO. 15-1217.

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W. N. U., DETROIT, MO. 15-1217.

FALLING HAIR MEANS DANDRUFF IS ACTIVE

Save Your Hair! Get a 25 Cent Bottle of Danderine Right Now—Also Stops Itching Scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its luster, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderine tonight—now—any time—will surely save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any store, and after the first application your hair will take on that life, luster and luxuriance which is so beautiful. It will become wavy and fluffy and have the appearance of abundance; an incomparable gloss and softness, but what will please you most will be after just a few weeks' use, when you will actually see a lot of fine, downy hair—new hair—growing all over the scalp. Adv.

Fantastic. A government official, condemning a suggested war economy of a rather fantastic nature, said at a Washington dinner:

"This economy reminds me of the private who visited the canteen and asked for a pound of bacon."

"Yes, sir," said the canteen keeper, "and what kind of bacon do you prefer?"

Brave is the man who will stand within twenty feet of anything a woman throws at.

A Kidney Medicine That Always Makes Friends

I have heard practically no one complain regarding the effective influence of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root in the disease for which it is so highly recommended during nearly twenty-four years' sale of the medicine. I have never been afraid to recommend Swamp-Root for kidney and bladder troubles, consequently my sales have been splendid.

Very truly yours, J. O. GRETENBERGER, Druggist.

Oct. 8, 1916. Okemos, Michigan.

I believe there is no superior preparation to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root on the market. I have been selling it for the past twenty years and have never heard a single complaint; in every case it has given satisfaction. I have tested its value and found it to be very beneficial; therefore, I heartily recommend it to those in need of such a preparation.

Very truly yours, H. M. GIBBS, Druggist.

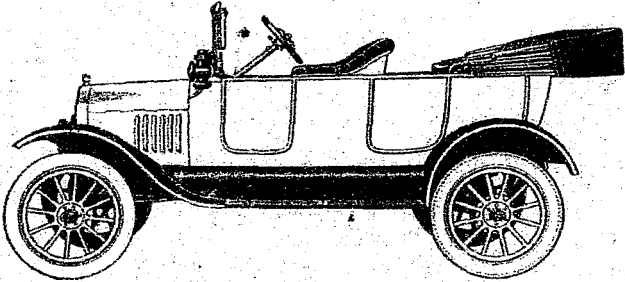
Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

The habit of thrift is not confined to bank deposits. That same thrifty impulse in Chelsea has bought 69 Ford cars in the eight months from August 1, 1916, to April 1, 1917.

Touring Car, \$367; Runabout, \$352; Coupelet, \$512; Sedan, \$652—
F. O. B. Chelsea. Place your order now.

PALMER MOTOR SALES CO.
Chelsea, Mich.



The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

PROPRIETOR.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1905, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL

Miss Ida Klein spent the week-end in Jackson.

W. J. Dancer, of Stockbridge, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Hall and daughter spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Elizabeth Rud, of Ann Arbor, spent Wednesday in Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster are spending this week in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steinbach spent Sunday with relatives in Dexter.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hooker spent the week end with Francisco friends.

Lew Wallace, of Detroit, was the guest of Miss Helen Miller Friday.

Geo. W. Millsbaugh, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Chelsea friends.

Miss Merry Shaw, of Ypsilanti, was a week-end guest of Miss Kathryn Hooker.

Mrs. A. F. Watkins, of Jackson, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Jas. L. Gilbert.

Mrs. A. R. Welch, of Pontiac, is spending a few days with Mrs. J. L. Gilbert.

Mrs. Geo. W. Millsbaugh and daughter Ruth, of Ann Arbor, are guests of relatives here this week.

Miss Helen Miller, of Mishawaka, Ind., spent last week at the home of her father, Jacob P. Miller.

James Schmidt and Edward Crabb, of Kalamazoo, spent Sunday with Dr. and Mrs. H. W. Schmidt.

Miss Gladys Beeman returned to Detroit Monday, after spending the past two months with her mother here.

Miss Ruth Beeman, who had an operation for appendicitis at the U. of M. hospital, has returned to her home.

Mrs. U. H. Townsend, who spent the past winter with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Mellenkamp, of Milwaukee, Wis., has returned to her home.

William Kolb, who is attending Assumption College at Sandwich, Ont., is spending this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Kolb.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Taylor and daughter, who spent several days of the past week with relatives here returned to their home in Detroit Sunday evening.

Mrs. Ralph Holmes and sons, who spent several days of the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes returned to their home in Battle Creek Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Updike, of Detroit, who have been spending the winter months in the southern states, are at present located at Pensacola, Florida. They will return to their home about May 1st.

Announcements.

B. V. R. C. will meet with Miss Grace Walz next Monday evening.

There will be a special meeting of Olive Lodge, F. & A. M., next Tuesday evening. Work in the third degree.

A special meeting of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, April 18. Initiation and installation.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Congregational church will meet with Mrs. Jabez Bacon on Thursday afternoon, April 19.

There will be a box social at the home of John Walz, Friday, April 13, for the benefit of the school in the Savage district. Everybody invited.

Notice.

School district No. 2, Lima, will sell the old school house, at auction at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, April 14, 1917.

Advertisement.

"Mrs. Myra E. Evans, clairvoyant and impressionist reader; also strictly fresh eggs."—Lowell Courier-Citizen.

Coughing at Night

is a hardship for elderly people as well as children. Foley's Honey and Tar stops it. Also prevents croup. Sold everywhere in Chelsea. Adv.

Optimistic Thought.

To make good use of leisure is difficult.

Wm. H. Hammond, painting, decorating, paperhanging, 130 East st. 40

Chic Styles

—IN—

Tailored Suits

AT ONLY

\$17.50 and \$20.00



Some of these Suit Coats are full pleated from a shoulder yoke, and belted. Others are box pleated with pockets. Skirts to match the style of the Coats. Some with and some are without pockets. Materials are mostly Serges and Poplins. Plenty of navy blues.

New Arrivals of Women's Coats

Specially Priced at \$12.50, \$15.00, \$17.50 and \$20.00

The materials are Bolivias, Wool Velours, Poplins and Serges. All the new colors and navy and blacks.

New Silk Dresses

We Are Showing the "Betty Wales" Dresses, Made of Silk Taffetas and Messalines.

Dozens of different charming styles, with full flaring skirts, with novel belts and sashes, and pockets. A great many with Georgette sleeves.

VOGEL & WURSTER

WAR

Means An Upward Trend of Prices. Especially in Wool, Cotton and Leather

Get Under Cover by Buying Now While Goods Are Obtainable At Present Prices

We Are Prepared to Fill Your Wants

IN HATS, NECKWEAR, SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BOOTS AND SHOES FOR EITHER DRESS OR EVERY DAY WEAR.

We strive to give you the best at prices within reason.

Specials in All-Wool Suitings, \$15.00, 17.50 and \$20.00

WALWORTH & STRIETER

Outfitters From "Lad to Dad"

Clara Kimball Young

—IN—

"The Common Law"

IN SEVEN MASSIVE PARTS

From the Story by Robert W. Chambers

One of the few really great Photo Dramas ever produced.

A NOVEL OF NEW YORK LIFE

The story that made the Cosmopolitan Magazine what it is today.

At Princes Theatre, Thursday, April 19th

MATINEE AND NIGHT.

MATINEE AT 3 O'CLOCK

Admission Prices

MATINEE—15c. EVENING PERFORMANCE—Adults, 25c; Children, 15c.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE—Auto and horse livery, city and hotel transfer line and union delivery system. Address C. H. Woodworth, Howell, Mich. 39

FOR SALE—11-hoe Ontario disc drill, nearly new. Inquire of John Hessel, Schwerdt, phone 294-F21. 38

TO RENT—150 acre farm. Call on me at 210 Washington st. P. M. Slaybaugh. 37

FIELDS TO RENT, or work on shares. Inquire of Mrs. M. Conway, 114 S. E. Ave., Jackson, Mich. 39

FOR SALE—Light double driving harness, nearly as good as new. Can be seen at Holmes & Walker's. H. J. Heininger. 37

FOR SALE—10 full blood black Leghorns. Inquire of J. W. Harris, 251 South street. 37

WANTED—A competent girl for general house work, two in family. Mrs. D. C. McLaren. 37

MONUMENTS—We have designed and built high grade cemetery work for half a century. Free, our illustrated catalogue of beautiful designs. The Eckhardt Monumental Co., 3013 Monroe street, Toledo, Ohio. 39

FOR SALE—Modern residence with combination barn and garage. John Faber, phone 110-W. 37

FOR SALE—Bay horse, 5 years old, sound and right, weight 1250. Inquire of John Bush, Chelsea. 37

NURSERY STOCK—Leave your orders for nursery stock, farm and garden seeds with me. Look up four windstorm ins. policy and see if there are any changes to be made. Alfred Kaecher rep. Hastings Co. 38

WANTED—Good reliable man for auto truck driver and general yard man. Steady employment and good wages for right man. Wm. Bacon-Holmes Co. 381f

EGGS FOR HATCHING—Black Minorcas, by the big white egg, 15, \$1.50; 20, \$2.50. Partridge Wyandottes, the winter layers, 15, \$1.50; 20, \$2.50. Wm. Schatz, Corcoran Barber Shop. 37

FOR SALE—Four Durham bull calves, one yearling and three 8-month-olds. Inquire of Delbert Schenk. 37

FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching, pure bred White Rocks, 200 eggs strain Southview Farm, C. W. Saunders, prop. 381f

WANTED—Will pay 4 cents per lb. for clean wiping rags in 10 lb. lots or more. Bring only Thursday afternoon of each week. Chelsea Screw Co. 331f

FOR SALE—The Baptist parsonage property, 157 East Summit street, 8-room house, city water and electric lights. For particulars phone Adalbert Baldwin or N. W. Laird. 251f

AUCTIONS—The auction season is now here, and The Standard wishes to remind those who expect to have an auction this season, that it can furnish an auctioneer and print your bills.

FOR SALE—Bookcase and secretary combined. Inquire at Standard Office. 1f

Farrell's Grocery Specials

On Saturday, April 14th, 1917

We Will Sell a Few Articles at Following Prices:

Two 5c Packages Best Sioux City Garden Seeds.....5c
6c Can, Sardines.....5c
10c Can Calumet Baking Powder.....8c
One Lot of Mixed Candy, Pound.....5c

ONLY ONE OF EACH TO A CUSTOMER

RADISHES, GREEN ONIONS, and LETTUCE for SATURDAY

Don't Forget Old Tavern Coffee.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.



How it looks when illustrated

It's Quite Evident

from above that someone is inclined to forget. You can trust the housewife every time to know where to get the BEST Bakery Goods.

PHONE 61

Patronize Home Industry.

CENTRAL BAKERY

Opposite Town Hall

JOHN YOUSE, Prop.

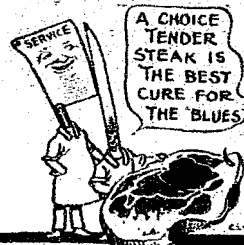
A Craving

for the proper food invites dependency. One of our choices, tender steaks will drive away the blues and give you that conquering hero feeling that comes to one after a satisfying meal.

Fresh Oysters in pint cans every day. Fresh Fish Fridays.

Phone 59

Fred Klingler



No Expenses

5 PER CENT NET

No Taxes

Lends all others for safety, convenience and income.

Assets Over TWO MILLION Dollars

CAPITOL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSOCIATION

Lansing, Mich.

W. D. ARNOLD, Local Agent, Chelsea.

Spring Suits AND Topcoats



WE don't believe that any man is so swayed by advertising, that he allows it to make final settlement of the clothes buying question for him.

But we do believe that honest advertising pays and our advertising is an honest expression of what you will find at our store.

Therefore let us announce to you that our Spring exposition of men's and young men's apparel is now on display.

In strict keeping with our policy of honest advertising, we do not hesitate to say, that you'll find in this clothing, a wealth of style, a full measure of quality and a fairness of price that cannot be surpassed elsewhere.

MAY WE HAVE THE PLEASURE OF YOUR EARLY CALL AND THE OPPORTUNITY TO SHOW THE NEW

SPRING SUITS AND TOPCOATS.

The product of skilled craftsmen who create style from fabrics of all wool quality.

\$15.00 TO \$22.50.

OUR STOCK OF HATS AND CAPS WILL PLEASE YOU.

WE HAVE A COMPLETE STOCK OF TRAVELING BAGS AND TRUNKS

DANGER BROTHERS.

Up In The Air

That's where the prices of new furniture have gone. Now don't you think you could save money by having your old furniture fixed up to look like new. I can Repair, Refinish, Upholster and Remodel to suit you.

Goods called for and delivered promptly. Shop in rear of Faber's Barber Shop.

E. P. STEINER

Go-Carts Re-Tired.

MILLINERY!

Spring and Summer Styles Now on Display.

Your Inspection Solicited.

MILLER SISTERS

A Live Message

SUPPOSE you had a message—a real live message—to the entire human race, would it not be something like this? Save a little as you go along. The size of the start is unimportant. You can start an account in our Depositors' Weekly Savings Club with as little as two cents.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS

Drs. Palmer and Avery have had their offices redecorated.

Mrs. H. J. Fullford entertained the Phylastica Circle Wednesday evening.

H. H. Schoenhas has purchased J. N. Dancer's interest in the Dancer Hardware Co.

Merchant Brooks is having an addition built to his residence on west Middle street.

B. C. Whitaker has sold to James Birch, 40 acres of land on section 25, Sylvan township.

Mrs. Chas. Neuberger is reported as being seriously ill at her home on South Main street.

County School Commissioner Essary visited the rural schools in this vicinity the first of this week.

Miss Gladys Wheeler entertained about twenty friends at an Easter party Sunday evening.

Mrs. Coleman Smalley has purchased the residence property of Howard Gilbert on west Middle street.

The editor has been ill for the past week, and the readers are asked to overlook the shortage of news in which has been the result.

Mr. and Mrs. John McGuinness have moved to their home on Harrison street, from the farm in Dexter township where they have resided for the past few years.

There will be a basketball game at the town hall Saturday evening between the high school and the alumni teams. The proceeds are to be used for the benefit of the Alumni Association.

Miss Bernice Evans was given a surprise Monday evening by her teacher and twenty of schoolmates, in honor of her eleventh birthday. Games were played and a dainty luncheon was served, and the young lady was the recipient of many gifts.

A. E. Winans has received a cablegram from his brother, Hon. C. S. Winans, telling of the safe arrival of the family in Cuba. Mr. Winans will be located at Cienfuegos, Santa Clara Province, Cuba, for some time. Mrs. Winans is expected to arrive in Chelsea in a few days.

Police headquarters is entertaining a transient canine, whose owner is unknown. The dog, a yellow collie, was found wandering about on Miller avenue.—Ann Arbor Times News. It must be Bill Bacon's "Teddy", gone down to the county seat to see what his owner's new job is like.

The Chelsea Steel Ball Co. has purchased the residence property of Mrs. Catherine Sullivan and the Lehman estate property on Congdon street. The new factory buildings of the company will be built on the land just purchased and the work of building them will be started as soon as possible.

Married, on Tuesday, April 3, 1917, at Emanuel parsonage, Manchester, Miss Cleora Irene Cooper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Cooper, of Chelsea, and Mr. Edward Buys, of Manchester, Rev. J. Wulfsman performing the ceremony. They will be at home to their friends in Manchester after May 1.

A wedding at the Methodist Home is a rare thing, but Friday noon, April 6, 1917, Mr. Clyde Clark, of Lansing, and Hazel G. Alsbro, of Addison, surprised Rev. F. O. Jones, who tied the knot, using the beautiful ring service of the M. E. church. In the early afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Clark left for Jackson, Manitou Beach and Addison where they will spend a few days with their parents and friends. They will make their home in Lansing.

The stockholders of the Chelsea Screw Co. was held at the office of the company Tuesday evening, at which time the members of the board of directors and the old officers were re-elected. A dividend of twenty-five per cent was authorized. The company has erected a building the past year, and added a number of new machines to the equipment, making a showing of which the officers of the company may well be proud.

A flagstaff will be raised at the intersection of Main and Middle streets and a large flag hung to the breeze. W. K. Guerin, G. W. Beckwith and J. S. Cummings were appointed a committee to get the pole, and have succeeded in arranging for one which will reach seventy-five feet above the pavement. It is expected that it will take at least a week to get the pole in shape to be raised. Edward Vogel and Wm. P. Schenk were appointed a committee to look after the purchase of a flag.

Stuck in the Mud.

A Studebaker six was left stuck in the mud just east of the home of Fred Notten, in the western part of Sylvan, last week Wednesday. Mr. Notten notified the Detroit police department of the abandoned car. Monday, the party who left the machine appeared and after digging it out of the mud drove away to the west. Tuesday, the owner of the machine came to the home of Mr. Notten with a letter from the police stating that the car belonged to him. According to the story of the owner of the machine, he was handled pretty roughly by the thieves when they overpowered him and drove the machine away.

Rothman-Sunday Marriage.

A very pretty wedding took place at 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, April 4, 1917, at the home of the groom's brother, Earl C. Sunday, 1106 Oakland avenue, Lansing, when Mrs. Nettie Rothman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Beach, was united in marriage with Mr. Shirley A. Sunday, by Rev. Edward E. Mieras, in the presence of about twenty-five relatives and friends.

The bride was attired in a gown of white and was attended by her sister, Miss Etta Beach, who wore a gown of white. Mr. Claude Pifer, of Lansing, assisted the groom as best man. Miss Gladys Rothman, daughter of the bride, carried a shower bouquet of white carnations and was attired in a pretty gown of white. The home was prettily decorated in white and green throughout the rooms.

Following the ceremony a two-course luncheon was served. The groom is employed by the Elliott Grocery Co. on Michigan avenue east. Mr. and Mrs. Sunday will be at home to their friends at 1217 Saginaw street west, Lansing.

Dr. John Cassidy.

Dr. John Cassidy was born in Jersey City, N. J., and died at his home in South Bend, Indiana, Thursday, April 5, 1917, aged 80 years.

His parents settled in Lyndon in 1837, and were among the organizers of the Catholic church, which burned a few years ago, and located near the family home in Sylvan. He received his early education in the Chelsea public schools. He was a graduate of the Normal college at Ypsilanti. Later he was a student at the University of Michigan and Rush Medical college, of Chicago, and received his degree in medicine and surgery from Notre Dame. For many years he was a prominent physician in South Bend.

He is survived by his wife, six sons, two daughters, one brother, William Cassidy, of Lyndon, and one sister, Miss Rose Cassidy, of Chelsea.

The body was brought to the home of his sister, Miss Rose Cassidy, Saturday afternoon. Services were held in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart Sunday morning. The remains were taken to the Catholic cemetery in Sylvan where the burial took place.

Princess Theatre.

Open Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday nights, starting at 7. Matinee Sunday, starting at 3.

SATURDAY, APRIL 14.

Daniel Froham presents the celebrated international star, Gaby Deslys, supported by Harry Pilcer in an original role of the theatre, "Her Triumph."

SUNDAY, APR. 15.

"The Turn of the Road," a Vitagraph blue ribbon feature produced by Teft Johnson, featuring Joseph Kilgour, Virginia Pearson and other eminent Vitagraph stars.

MONDAY, APR. 16.

Alice Brady in "Bought and Paid For." George Broadhurst's famous success, story of everyday life that appeals to the heart of old and young.

WEDNESDAY, APR. 18.

Billie Burke in "Gloria's Romance" fifteenth chapter, entitled "The Murderer at Bay."

Hughie Mack and Mr. Jack comedies will be included in the program.

THURSDAY, APR. 19.

Special.

Matinee and night. Matinee starting at 3 p. m.

Clara Kimball Young in "The Common Law," in seven massive parts.

Robert W. Chambers has never written a more wonderful story than this brilliant novel of New York life. It's heroine, Valeria West, artist-model and philosopher, is one of the most sympathetic figures in modern literature. As portrayed by Miss Clara Kimball Young, she becomes a living personification of sweet and noble womanhood. Her joys and sorrows, her trials and ultimate triumph in the love of Kelly Neville, artist and gentleman, have given the screen one of the few really great photo-dramas ever produced.

This is the story that made the Cosmopolitan Magazine what it is today.



WE'VE GOT THAT NEW LID FOR YOU

OF COURSE YOU WANT A NEW HAT: YOU CANNOT AFFORD NOT TO HAVE ONE. TO SUCCEED YOU MUST APPEAR WELL.

STACKS OF NEW SPRING HATS—THE "NOBBY" STYLES—HAVE COME IN. YOU COME IN AND SEE THEM. YOU'LL FIND THE ONE TO "FIT YOUR FACE."

THE PRICE WILL FIT YOUR POCKETBOOK TOO. WE WILL SELL YOU A SWELL NEW "LID" FOR \$2.00 AND FOR \$3.00 WE WILL GIVE YOU A "BIRD." BUT REMEMBER THAT ALL \$3.00 HATS ARE NOT THE SAME QUALITY.

Men's New Spring Suits

All Wool Worsted Suits for the Young Men—and snappy Suits they are—at **\$15.00, \$18.00 and \$25.00.**

Staple Suits for the older Men, Blue Serge, Grey Serge, all wool, at **\$15.00 and \$18.00.**

Boys' Suits

Knee Pant Suits for the little fellows, at **\$3.75, \$4.75, \$5.00 and \$7.00.**

New Spring Ties

All Silk, any style you want, swell patterns, at **50c.**

Caps

New Spring Caps, at **50c, 75c and \$1.00.**

Shirts

New Spring Dress Shirts, at **\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.**

W. P. Schenk & Company



Father's Clothes Will Soon Fit Johnny—

Not any more—and particularly not if "Johnny" ever sets eyes on one of those young men's models that we are showing this spring.

They are just as different from father's clothes as Johnny is from father.

Younger, livelier, full of enthusiasm, and father will see the difference himself.

See our Special \$15.00 Young Men's Pinch-Back Suits.

Boys' Suits

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits, "Woolwear" make, Blue Serges, \$5.00 to \$10.00.

Fancy Mixtures, some with two pair of Trousers, \$5.00 to \$8.50.

Men's and Young Men's Shoes

In all the new and nobby styles in Gun Metal, Russia Calf and Vici Kid. Most of our Shoes were bought last fall at much lower than today's prices. We are giving you the benefit, LET US SHOW YOU.

Men's Work Shoes, every pair made to give satisfactory wear, \$3.00 to \$4.50.

See our line of Puritan Hats, Monarch and Arrow Shirts, Arrow Collars, and Cooper Underwear.

VOGEL & WURSTER

WAR PROCLAMATION EXHORTS THE U. S.; ALIENS ARE WARNED

Last Step to Active Hostilities
Taken When President Signs.

CALLS FOR VOLUNTEERS

Subjects of Kaiser Enjoined to Keep
the Peace and Will Be Held Liable
for Disobedience—Barred From
Entering Certain Localities.

Washington, April 7.—President Wilson signed a proclamation formally declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany. In the proclamation he called upon American citizens to give support to all measures of the government.

The Proclamation.

"Whereas, The congress of the United States in the exercise of the constitutional authority vested in them have resolved by joint resolution of the senate and house of representatives bearing date this day 'that a state of war between the United States and the imperial German government which has been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared:

"Whereas, It is provided by section 4,007 of the revised statutes as follows:

Under War Conditions.

"Whenever there is declared a war between the United States and any foreign nation or government, or any invasion of predatory incursion is perpetrated, attempted or threatened against the territory of the United States by any foreign nation or government and the president makes public proclamation of the event, all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of hostile nation or government being males of the age of fourteen years and upward who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, shall be liable to be apprehended, restrained, secured and removed as alien enemies.

To Watch Conduct of Aliens.

"The president is authorized in any such event by his proclamation thereof, or other public acts, to direct the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States toward the aliens who become so liable; the manner and degree of the restraint to which they shall be subject and in what cases and upon what security their residence shall be permitted, and to provide for the removal of those who, not being permitted to reside within the United States, refuse or neglect to depart therefrom; and to establish any such regulations which are found necessary in the premises and for the public safety;

"Whereas, By sections 4,003, 4,069 and 4,070 of the revised statutes, further provision is made relative to alien enemies;

Proclaims State of War.

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim, to all whom it may concern, that a state of war exists between the United States and the imperial German government.

"I do especially direct all officers, civil or military, of the United States, that they exercise vigilance and zeal in the discharge of the duties incident to such a state of war; and I do, moreover, earnestly appeal to all American citizens that they, in loyal devotion to their country, dedicated from its foundation to the principles of liberty and justice, uphold the laws of the land and give undivided and willing support to those measures which may be adopted by the constitutional authorities in prosecuting the war to a successful issue and in obtaining a secure and just peace; and acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the United States and the said sections of the revised statutes, I do hereby further proclaim and direct that the conduct to be observed on the part of the United States toward all natives, citizens, denizens or subjects of Germany, being male of the age of fourteen years and upwards, who shall be within the United States and not actually naturalized, who for the purpose of this proclamation and under such sections of the revised statutes are termed alien enemies, shall be as follows:

As to Alien Enemies.

"All alien enemies are enjoined to preserve the peace towards the United States and to refrain from crime against the public safety and from violating the laws of the United States and of the states and territories thereof, and to refrain from actual hostilities or giving information, aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States and to comply strictly with the regulations which are hereby or may be from time to time promulgated by the president, and so long as they shall conduct themselves in accordance with the law, they shall be undisturbed in the peaceful pursuit of their lives and occupations and be accorded the consideration due to all peaceful and law-abiding persons, except so far as restrictions may be necessary for their own protection and for the safety of the United States; and towards such alien enemies as conduct themselves in accordance with law, all citizens of the United States are enjoined to preserve the peace and to treat them with all such friendliness as may be compatible with loyalty and allegiance to the United States.

"And all alien enemies who fail to conduct themselves as so enjoined, in addition to all other penalties prescribed by law, shall be liable to restraint, or to give security, or to remove and depart from the United States in the manner prescribed by sections 4,003 and 4,070 of the revised statutes, and as prescribed in the regulations duly promulgated by the president.

"And pursuant to the authority vested in me, I hereby declare and establish the following regulations, which I find necessary in the premises and for the public safety:

"1. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession at any time or place any firearms, weapons or implements of war of component parts thereof, ammunition, munition or other stores, arms or explosives or material used in the manufacture of explosives;

Barred Wireless Use.

"2. An alien enemy shall not have in his possession at any time or place or use or operate any aircraft or wireless apparatus or any form of signaling device or any form of cipher code, or any paper, document or book, written, or printed in cipher, or in which there may be invisible writing.

"3. An alien enemy found in the possession of an alien enemy in violation of the foregoing regulations shall be subject to seizure by the United States.

"4. An alien enemy shall not approach or be found within one-half of a mile of any federal or state fort, camp, arsenal, aircraft station, government or naval vessel, navy yard, factory or workshop for the manufacture of munitions of war or any products for the use of the army or navy.

Making of Threats Barred.

"5. An alien enemy shall not write, print or publish any attack or threat against the government or congress of the United States or either branch thereof, or against the persons or property of any person in the military, naval or civil service of the United States or of the states or territories or of the District of Columbia or of the municipal governments therein.

"6. An alien enemy shall not commit or abet any hostile acts against the United States or give information, aid or comfort to its enemies.

"7. An alien enemy shall not reside in, or continue to reside in, or remain in, or enter any locality which the president may from time to time designate by an executive order as a prohibitive area in which residence by an alien enemy shall be found by him to constitute a danger to the public peace and safety of the United States, except by permit from the president and except under such limitations or restrictions as the president may prescribe.

Detention Provided.

"8. An alien enemy whom the president shall have reasonable cause to believe to be aiding, or about to aid, the enemy, or to be at large to the danger of the public peace or safety of the United States, or to be about to violate any of the regulations, shall remove to any location designated by the president by executive order, and shall not remove therefrom without permit, or shall depart from the United States as so required by the president.

Must Get Permission to Leave.

"9. No alien enemy shall depart from the United States until he shall have received such permit as the president shall prescribe or except upon order of a court, judge or justice, under sections 4,069 and 4,070 of the revised statutes.

"10. No alien enemy shall and in or enter the United States except under such restrictions and at such places as the president may prescribe.

"11. If necessary to prevent violation of the regulations all alien enemies will be obliged to register.

May Be Arrested Upon Suspicion.

"12. An alien enemy whom there may be reasonable cause to believe to be aiding or about to aid the enemy, or who is at large to the danger of the public peace or safety or who violates or attempts to violate or of whom there is reasonable grounds to believe that he is about to violate any regulation to be promulgated by the president or any criminal law of the United States, or of the states or territories thereof will be subject to summary arrest by the United States marshal or his deputy or such other officers as the president shall designate, and confinement in such penitentiary, prison, jail, military camp or other place of detention as may be directed by the president.

"This proclamation and the regulations herein contained shall extend and apply to all land and water, continental or insular, in any way within the jurisdiction of the United States."

Wilson Asks Volunteers.

The president also issued a call for volunteers to bring the army and navy up to war strength, and gave his imprimatur to the general staff army bill designed to obtain men by selective conscription.

"The necessary men," said the president in a statement, "will be secured for the regular army and the National Guard by volunteering, as at present, until, in the judgment of the president, a resort to selective draft is advisable.

"The principles embodied in the legislation presented by the war department to the military committee of the senate and house have my entire approval, and its specific recommendations embody the best judgment of the officers of the war department. It proposes to raise the forces necessary to meet the present emergency by bringing the regular army and the National Guard to war strength and by adding the additional forces which will now be needed so that the national army will comprise three elements."

The text of the joint resolution adopted by congress declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany, was as follows:

Whereas, The imperial German government has committed repeated acts of war against the government and the people of the United States of America; therefore, be it Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, That the state of war between the United States and the imperial German government which has thus been thrust upon the United States is hereby formally declared; and that the president be, and he is, hereby authorized and directed to employ the entire naval and military forces of the United States and the resources of the government to carry on war against the imperial German government; and to bring the conflict to a successful termination, all of the resources of the country are hereby pledged by the congress of the United States.

UNITED STATES FORMALLY AT WAR WITH GERMANY

Congress Declares That a State
of War Exists.

SENATE IS FIRST TO ACT

Six Members of Upper House Vote
Against Resolution After Heated
Debate—Representatives Adopt
Measure by Overwhelming
Majority.

Washington, April 8.—Responding quickly to President Wilson's stirring message and to the evident demand of the people of the United States, congress has formally declared that a state of war exists between this country and Germany. Due to the hostile acts of the imperial government.

The senate was the first to act on the war resolution and adopted it by a vote of 82 to 6. The six senators who voted against the resolution for war were:

ABLE J. GRONNA, Republican, North Dakota.
HARRY LANE, Democrat, Oregon.
R. M. LA FOLLETTE, Republican, Wisconsin.
G. W. NORRIS, Republican, Nebraska.

WILLIAM J. STONE, Democrat, Missouri.
J. K. VARDAMAN, Democrat, Mississippi.

There were eight senators absent or paired. They were: Bankhead, Goff, Gore, Hollis, Newlands, Smith, of Maryland, Thomas, and Tillman. Of those absent it was announced that all except Senator Gore of Oklahoma would have voted for the resolution if present.

All six of the senators who voted against the resolution were members of the group of twelve which defended the armed neutrality bill at the last session. There was no attempt to filibuster this time, however.

Thirteen Hours Debate.

Thirteen hours of heated debate preceded the vote. Party lines disappeared in this discussion and Republicans joined with Democrats in sounding the call to the nation to support the president unflinchingly.

The little group opposed to the resolution drew fire from every side. Senator La Follette, defending Germany and heaping blame upon England, was informed by Senator Williams that Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the German chancellor, would have made the same speech in the reichstag had he been imbued with sufficient enmity.

Senator Norris, charging that the United States is going to war at the behest of the munition barons of Wall street, drew from Senator Reed the retort that such an accusation is "almost treason."

The assertion that the nation was going to war on the demand of gold, he said, was "an indictment of the president of the United States, an indictment of congress, of the American people, and of the truth."

"The president is not calling America to arms for the sake of a few paltry dollars," Senator Reed continued, "but for the life, honor, and integrity of this country."

Introduced by Hitchcock.

In introducing the resolution into the senate, Senator Hitchcock made a brief statement in which he said that the present time was one "for action, not discussion."

"The time for discussion has passed," he said. "The president has stated clearly, effectively, more conclusively the reasons which make this grave step necessary. The resolution provides for war against the imperial German government. It places responsibility for the war squarely upon the shoulders of the German government, charged with repeated acts of war against the United States."

"We want no more territory. We will demand no indemnity. We have no grudge to settle, no racial animosity. We will spend our treasure and our blood and sacrifice our lives without the thought of gain.

"Such quarrel as we have with Germany is not of our choosing. It was forced upon us and we did much to

avoid it. For nearly three years the president, congress, and the American people have hoped to avoid it. But one desperate act by the imperial German government has followed another."

German Pledges Broken.

Senator Hitchcock was followed by Senator Swanson of Virginia, who said the German government "has repeatedly and grossly violated its treaty obligations to us, and wantonly broken solemn assurances."

"The issue is not peace or war," Senator Swanson continued. "War has already been declared upon us. The issue is whether we shall accept war or abject and cowardly submission."

Reciting the sinking of American ships, German plots, and outrages in this country, Senator Swanson said the Zimmermann plot to incite Mexico against this country "reaches the lowest depths of national turpitude."

"We have long suspected a disposition by Germany to dispute the Monroe doctrine," he added. "Now is the time to teach this mischief-making German government that our territorial sovereignty cannot be made a subject of war bargaining."

"What else can Germany do to wage war against us? When the war-made autocracy that now rules Germany has been chastened or overthrown, ties of friendship now severed will be reunited."

Many other senators took part in the debate. Gronna, Stone, Vardaman, Norris and La Follette, all opposing the resolution.

Senator Smoot made the last speech—a short prayer that God would "hasten the day when liberty will be enjoyed by all the peoples of the earth."

The roll call was taken while the senators and spectators sat solemn. A few cheers greeted the result and then all fled quietly out of the chamber.

House Vote, 373 to 50.

The house, after a debate lasting about seventeen hours, adopted the joint resolution by a vote of 373 to 50. Nearly a hundred representatives made speeches.

In offering the senate resolution as a substitute for its own, the house foreign affairs committee submitted a long report reviewing the history of submarine warfare and America's futile protests against it. German intrigues and bomb plots in this country, the effort to ally Japan and Mexico against the United States and the mistreatment of American officials and citizens in Germany.

"It is with the deepest sense of responsibility for the momentous result which will follow the passage of this resolution," said the report, "that your committee reports it to the house, with the recommendation that it be passed. The conduct of the imperial German government toward this government, its citizens and its interests, has been so discourteous, unjust, cruel, barbarous, and so lacking in honesty and practice that it has constituted a violation of the course of conduct which should obtain between friendly nations."

In addition to this the German government is actually making war upon the people and commerce of this country, and leaves no course open to this government but to accept its gaze of battle and declare that a state of war exists."

Flood Opens the Debate.

Under the unanimous consent rule by which the resolution was considered Representative Flood could move the previous question at any time after one hour and, if sustained, bring the measure to a vote. He was disposed, however, to give members every opportunity to speak throughout the day. The debate began without any limitation.

"War is being made upon our country and its people," Representative Flood said in opening. "Our ships are being sunk. Our noncombatant citizens, including men, women and children, are being murdered, our merchantmen are denied the freedom of the seas. There is no choice as to our course. We are compelled by the acts of the German government to enter into this most colossal war."

"The time for argument has passed; the time for heroic action is here, and our people will rally to the support of their government in this high and patriotic hour and meet war's sacrifices and war's perils as a brave and patriotic people should."

"We should take our stand by the side of the allied nations who have been fighting humanity's battles for two and one-half years, determined that our power shall be so employed that complete victory shall crown their efforts and that Prussian militarism shall be crushed and the world shall be delivered from the threat and danger of the Hohenzollern dynasty."

PHTHISIS SURVEY IN CITIES ENDED

WITH COMPLETION OF WAYNE
COUNTY WORK ENTERS ON
NEW PHASE.

SMALLER TOWNS COME NEXT

For the Most Part the Portion Still
to be Visited is in the North
Central Section of the State.

Lansing—With the completion of the tuberculosis survey of the state board of health, in Wayne county, the survey enters upon a new phase.

With the most populous county in the state disposed of, the rest of the work will be in communities that are comparatively rural.

Every city in the state with more than 10,000 population has been visited. There is only one city left with more than 6,000, namely Owosso. Only about half a dozen of the cities of the state that must still be visited by the state health party have more than 1,000 inhabitants. For the most part, the portion of the state still to be visited is in the north central section.

Sixty-one counties have been covered in the survey, leaving a balance of twenty-two counties still to be visited.

INCREASE FOOD PRODUCTION

Preparedness Board Will Aid Farmers
to Raise Better Crops.

Lansing—Governor Sleeper has taken steps toward evolving a plan to procure maximum food production in Michigan.

He conferred with Professors Kedzie, Dean and Shaw, of the Michigan Agricultural college regarding the methods that must be pursued by the state to induce residents and particularly the farmers, to utilize the maximum productive capacity of their lands; to intensify production on given areas, and to guarantee, as far as possible, both the quality and quantity of crops through seed selection, proper tillage, etc.

It was decided that the plans for meeting the food supply problems should be supervised by the agricultural college, working in conjunction with the "preparedness board" that is created by the \$5,000,000 war credit bill.

RATE RAISE HOPE IS DEAD

Railroads Ask for Investigation—In-
creased Fare Bill Killed.

Lansing—Michigan railroads have given up their attempt to rush through the legislature a bill increasing the rates for passenger fares in Michigan.

Finding that Attorney General Grosbeck's opinion that it was unconstitutional blocked the success of the bill which they had introduced, calling for an increase in the lower peninsula to two and one-half cents, and the upper peninsula to three cents, they capitulated and offered a compromise.

The compromise is the appointment of a commission by the governor to study the question of "whether rates, as they now stand, are satisfactory or not." The commission of three men is to finish its work by December 1, 1917, and thus be able to report to a session of the legislature which every body connected with the state government now figures will be called January 1, 1918.

The house railroad committee formally reported out the railroads' substitute for their increased fare bill which has been killed.

BUDGET REFORM UNDER WAY

Solons Act Following Appeal By Gov-
ernor Sleeper.

Lansing—The two houses have gotten together on the matter of a budget commission. Their action in this regard followed an appeal by Governor Sleeper to work together in this matter. The house had passed one kind of a bill and the senate another and if it had not been for Governor Sleeper's intercession might have remained deadlocked throughout the session. The substitute bill provides for a commission of five, to be named by the governor, to investigate the entire system of budgets and to report not later than January 1 next. The commission is allowed to designate one of its members to work on the appropriation requirements of the state institutions for the next biennial period and it will be up to him to provide the first budget for the state.

Prof. W. W. Florer, of the German department of the University of Michigan, former chairman of the German-American alliance educational committee, will drill a company of Michigan students to fight against Germany. He made the offer in response to a number of requests by students that he aid in the military training work in the university. Prof. Florer was an officer in the Indiana national guard before coming to Michigan.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

H. J. Patterson, Spanish was veteran, will drill Albion students daily. Russell Knisely, 2 years old, of Albion, climbed up on a couch to get a bottle of carbolic acid from a window sill. He drank the poison and died.

George H. Maines, of Flint, president of the Michigan Baseball league, purchased 10,000 American flags, which he distributed to school children of this city.

Following an order from the war department, 30 members of Company F (Saginaw), Thirty-third Michigan infantry, were ordered to guard the Detroit postoffice and custom house.

M. A. C. co-eds have organized for war. The 350 girls enrolled in the domestic department will start Red Cross work and bandage making immediately upon their return from spring vacation.

Roy C. Zimmermann and Thomas F. Brown, Detroit, were found in possession of two dead muskrats they had shot at Sylvan lake and were arrested. In the Birmingham justice court they paid fines of \$5 and \$6.25 costs.

But for the vigilance of the janitor, Albion college students would have sprung a chapel time surprise in the shape of the hanging of Senator La Follette in effigy. The figure was cut down before the exercises commenced.

A military organization composed of members of the Municipal Engineers' society of Flint is holding regular drills with a view to volunteering in the engineering corps of the army. Lieut. Frank A. Lawrence, formerly of the Thirty-third Michigan, is their instructor.

Sixty dollars a month is assured the Flint chapter of the American Red Cross for the duration of the war with Germany. The local Commandery Knights Templar voted \$30 a month to the chapter. Flint lodge, B. P. O. E., will contribute likewise as long as the war lasts.

The factories of the Buick Motor Co. and the Weston-Mott Co. were the scene of one of the greatest patriotic demonstrations ever witnessed in the city of Flint, when more than 12,000 employees of the two companies united in raising flags over their several factory buildings.

As the result of the death of Walter Wallace, of Carleton, 18 years old, high school student, who was electrocuted by a short circuit wire, the city council temporarily discontinued service from the River Raisin Hydro Electric Co. Wallace struck a watch on one of the wooden poles and was instantly killed.

Justice Willard H. Howe, of Muskegon, advised Alex. Schmidt, a Hungarian workman, and 50 of his comrades who crowded the court room to return to their native land because of their sympathies against the United States. Schmidt was fined \$8.50 for tearing an American flag from the coat of a fellow workman.

Since the enrollment resolution of the legislature there has been a steady rush of people all over the state to the county clerk's offices for marriage licenses. Some of the grooms make no concealment of the fact that the exemption if married men from the first call for soldiers is at the bottom of the matrimonial rush.

Mark Bacon, of Wyandotte, was the only Michigan member of congress to vote against the war resolution. Twelve Michigan members voted "aye." Rep. L. C. Cranton, who has been a strong pacifist in the past, subordinated his personal opposition to war in the belief that war was inevitable and the time had come for the nation to present a solid front to the enemy.

Because the government will not allow the Ann Arbor car ferries to carry passenger autos across Lake Michigan without making changes in the boats, the Great Lakes Auto tour has been cancelled for this year. The tourists planned to leave Chicago and follow the West Michigan lake to Frankfort, then take car ferries to Menominee and tour the upper peninsula. Many of those who intended making this tour will join the West Michigan Pike association in its pilgrimage this year to Cass City, where a monument to "Good Roads" Earle will be unveiled.

What is believed to be the first blow struck by the Industrial Workers of the World, following a threat to tie up all industries on the iron and copper ranges of Michigan and Minnesota, came when 35 car repairers working in the lower yards of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad refused to go to work. The men said they were striking for higher wages and denied any connection with the I. W. W., but an organizer for the Industrial Workers announced that this walkout was only the first of a series of strikes which will be called because of this country's entry into the war.

Polish Falcons of Saginaw notified the government that the services of their 120 men who have been under complete military drill, are available for service.

Frank Sandhammer, Manistee county agent, is waging a patriotic campaign for increased acreage of beans and potatoes. "War acres of potatoes," or other crops, is the slogan. May Wood of Kalamazoo failed in her tenth attempt to kill herself. She was about to jump from the East bridge into the Kalamazoo river, when Sergt. Ralph grabbed her skirt.

TAKE OVER VESSELS

United States Authorities Seize
German Ships.

DEPUTY MARSHALS IN CHARGE

Action Follows Almost Immediately
After Passage by Congress of Res-
olution Declaring That a
State of War Exists.

New York, April 8.—Seizure of man merchant vessels that took place in Atlantic ports at the beginning of the war began almost immediately after congress passed the resolution declaring a state of war between the United States and Germany.

The collector of the port at New York was the first to act. The federal officials at New London, Conn., more, New York and Philadelphia, moved quickly. In a few hours United States deputy marshals were on duty at German vessels at these ports, taking in size from the majestic liner of 54,582 gross tons, to small fishing vessels.

The port officers acted on orders issued by the secretary of the treasury. It was understood that the move would involve confiscation and that vessels are held as a measure of safety. There was no announcement as to whether the government would take over the ships for its use and for them after the war.

German vessels now in American ports number 91 with a gross tonnage of about 600,000.

Since the president delivered his message to congress these ships have been under a heavy guard stationed by the collector of the port.

Their officers have said that, at their docks since the beginning of the war, these vessels have become fouled and their ships so choked with mud that it would have been virtually impossible for them to get away unless they were extricated by dredges.

At various times there had been reports that the machinery and boilers had been wrecked by their German crews, but of this there was no official confirmation. Chancellor McGovern, after docking the North German Lloyd steamer "Wilhelmshafen" at New London, said that the engines were apparently in good condition.

The ships taken over, ports in which they were seized, and their tonnage and value, are as follows:

	Tonnage.	Value.
Pr. Grant	1,067	\$1,244
Pr. Lincoln	15,768	5,000
Vaterland	14,323	5,000
Nassau	3,922	1,000
Armenia	3,449	1,000
Bombay	3,428	1,000
Pisa	4,967	1,000
Pennsylvania	12,332	1,000
Harburg	4,472	1,000
Magdeburg	4,497	1,000
Adamastor	5,000	1,000
Matsador (bark)	1,452	6,000
Geo. Washington	25,770	4,000
Wm. H. H. H.	10,771	4,000
Fried. der Grosse	10,771	4,000
Prinzess Irene	10,322	1,200
Grosser Kurfuerst	12,102	1,200
Barbarossa	10,953	1,200
Hamburg	10,953	1,200
Koenig Wilhelm II.	5,410	1,200
Altenania	4,520	1,200
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	4,650	1,200
Prinz Joachim	4,761	1,200
Portland	4,773	1,200
Mata	2,555	1,200
Clara Manning	1,622	1,200
Indra (ship)	1,746	1,200
BOSTON		
America	7,232	1,500
Cincinnati	15,520	1,500
Koenig	7,409	1,500
Kronprinz's Cecilie	19,303	1,500
Columbus	1	
Okenfels	5,821	
Wittelsack	5,940	
BALTIMORE		
Bulgaria	11,140	
Georgia	8,825	
Rhein	11,450	
PHILADELPHIA		
Prinz Oskar	5,035	
Thaella	5,098	
NEWPORT NEWS		
Arcadia	5,435	
Indapent	3,551	
Kronprinz Wilhelm	11,938	
Prinz Eitel Frederick	4,550	
CHARLESTON, S. C.		
Libanfels	4,765	
WILMINGTON, N. C.		
Kiel	4,494	
Nigeria	4,791	
SAVANNAH		
Hohenfels	5,771	
Ne. N. N.	5,771	
Wittelsack	4,751	
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.		
Freda Leonhardt	5,139	
Leuchter	5,200	
Fudolph Blumberg	2,320	
Vogesen	2,716	
NEW ORLEANS, LA.		
Andromeda	2,254	
Bradau	2,394	
Georgia	3,110	
Tereba	2,769	
GALVESTON, TEX.		
Morawitz	4,738	
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.		
Ottawa (bark)	2,742	
Serpis	4,735	
PUGET SOUND		
Arnolda Vinsen	2,000	
Dalbek (bark)	2,733	
Kurt (bark)	2,703	
Saxonia	2,424	
Steinbek	2,511	
HONOLULU		
Gouverneur Jaeschke	1,729	
Holsatia	5,613	
Longmont	1,571	
Leuchter	1,667	
Nimmem	1,716	
Pitzu Waldemar	3,727	
Setos	4,720	
Staatssekretar Kira	5,000	
LANAI		
Andalusia	5,433	
Bochum	6,211	
Cavallia Heilmers	5,139	
Colomb	5,121	
Clara	5,121	
Carl Dietrichsen	1,242	
Fluorhorn	6,231	
Ubars	6,231	
Leuchter	4,992	
Mark	4,992	
Uaja	5,622	
Sachsen	4,907	
Sambin	4,907	
Fuehlhorn	4,907	
SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.		
Fern	4,719	
Odenwald	2,527	
President	3,000	

SYRUP OF FIGS FOR A CHILD'S BOWELS

It is cruel to force nauseating, harsh physic into a sick child.

Look back at your childhood days. Remember the "dose" mother insisted on—castor oil, calomel, cathartics. Now you hated them, how you fought against taking them.

With our children it's different. Mothers who cling to the old form of physic simply don't realize what they do. The children's revolt is well-founded. Their tender little "insides" are injured by them.

If your child's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing, give only delicious "California Syrup of Figs." Its action is positive, but gentle. Millions of mothers keep this harmless "fruit laxative" handy; they know children love to take it; that it never fails to clean the liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach, and that a teaspoonful given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on each bottle. Adv.

HORSES VERY SELDOM DEAF

Immunity in This Respect Is More Striking as Equines Are Frequently Blind.

The ordinary immunity of horses from deafness is a great advantage to the human race, for the value of a horse which could not hear the command to go or to stop and which could not be quieted, controlled and encouraged by the human voice would be greatly lessened. The horse is really one of the best listeners in the world, the "Nomad" writes in the Boston Evening Transcript. He is always on the alert for sounds which concern or interest him. When he looks at anything he turns his ears toward it, to observe the better whether any sound comes from it. If a horse is particularly interested in your driving of him, he always turns his ears backward toward you, but if he has no concern on that subject, or if he sees anything ahead that interests him, he keeps his ears pricked forward. A horse hears the whinny of another horse at a greater distance than the average man can hear it.

This comparative immunity is more remarkable from the fact that horses are often blind or have defective eyesight. We see blind horses every day and always sympathize with them, but it is certainly wonderful how they get along so well. The guidance by the reins, of course, helps them greatly, but the "Nomad" is told by the paragon of the next table that he once knew a pair of totally blind horses which were driven among stumps in plowing rough ground, and that they picked their way among the stumps as successfully as seeing horses could have done. It is possible that blindness is compensated in a horse by a special faculty for feeling its way, just as blind people have a particular keenness of the sense of touch.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why take ordinary cough remedies when Boschee's German Syrup has been used for fifty-one years in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries, for coughs, bronchitis, colds, croup, whooping cough, and all other lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning, giving nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health, assisted by pure air and sunshine when possible. Trial size 25c, and the family size, sold in all towns in the United States, Canada, Australia, and other countries. Adv.

The National Tiger. The proprietor of a menagerie in Paris had among his collection a Bengal tiger, one of the largest species, usually known as the royal tiger. As ferocity and everything pertaining thereto was abolished, he was afraid he might be accused of a want of patriotism, and, therefore, had the following inscription posted outside his establishment: "Walk In and See the National Tiger."

An Exception. Johnnie's father had a comfortable income that did not require that he should have any settled occupation, and the only thing in the nature of work that Johnnie had ever seen him do was to write checks. At school Mary announced that her father was a doctor. "My father is a lawyer," said Edward. Johnnie thought a moment, and then said: "My father pays his debts."

Annie cures Backache, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Send 10c. Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for large trial package. Adv.

Duluth, Minn., and Gary, Ind., will soon be connected by trolley lines.

Los Angeles in 1916 paid out nearly \$15,000,000 for new buildings.

San Francisco last year spent \$18,000,000 for new buildings.

HEART OF THE SUNSET

By Rex Beach

Copyright by Harper & Brothers.

ALAIRE AUSTIN AROUSES THE BRUTAL COVETOUSNESS IN GENERAL LONGORIO'S NATURE AND HE BEGINS TO PLAN ACCORDINGLY

Mrs. Alaire Austin, a handsome young matron, mistress of Las Palmas ranch, gets lost in the Texas desert and after an all-day struggle wanders into the little camp of David Law, a ranger, hunting a Mexican murderer. Circumstances force her to stay 24 hours in the camp. Law catches his man, kills another and escorts her home. "Young Ed" Austin, drunken wastrel, berates his wife and makes insinuations about the ranger; Austin is secretly in league with Mexican rebels. Alaire starts for her ranch La Perla, in federal Mexican territory, to secure damages for cattle confiscated by soldiers.

CHAPTER V—Continued.

"I was coming to that. Your husband, senora, is an active Caudillista."

For a moment Alaire was at a loss; then she replied with some spirit: "We are two people, he and I. La Perla belongs to me."

"Nevertheless his conduct is regrettable," Longorio went on. "Probably evil men have led to him."

For the first time Dolores stirred. She had watched her countryman with a peculiar fascination. Now she said, as if freed from a spell:

"Pah! Nobody pays heed to Senor Ed. We do not consider him."

Alaire turned upon her with a sharp exclamation, conscious meanwhile that the woman's tone, even more than her words, had enlightened Longorio to some extent. His lifted brows were eloquent of surprise and curiosity, but he held his tongue.

"Am I to understand, then, that you rob me because of my husband's action?" Alaire asked.

"No, I shall help," Longorio beamed enthusiastically. "It shall be the object of my life to serve you, and you and I shall arrange this matter satisfactorily. I have influence, believe me. Duty calls me to Nuevo Pueblo, and you shall return with me as the guest of my government." He rose to his feet, but his eagerness soon gave place to disappointment.

"Thank you," said Alaire, "but I must first go to La Perla and get all the facts."

"Senora! It is a wretched journey. See!" He waved a contemptuous gesture at the car, crowded to congestion. "There is no food; you have no one to wait upon you. In my company you will be safe. Upon my honor, you will enjoy the highest courtesy."

"Of course. But I must go on. I have Dolores and Jose to look after me." Alaire indicated Sanchez, who had edged his way very close and now stood with admiring eyes fixed upon his hero.

"Yes, my general," Jose exclaimed, eagerly. "I am here."

Longorio scrutinized the horse-breaker critically. "Your name is—?"

"Jose Sanchez."

"You look like a brave fellow."

Jose swelled at this praise, and no doubt would have made suitable answer, but his employer held out her hand, and General Longorio bent over it, raising it to his lips. He called one of his subordinates closer and ordered that a lieutenant and six soldiers be detached to act as an escort to Mrs. Austin's party. "Senora, the hours will drag until I may see you again and be of further service. Meanwhile I shall be tortured with radiant dreams. Go with God!" For a second time he bowed and kissed the hand he held, then, taking Jose Sanchez intimately by the arm, he turned to the door.

Dolores collapsed into her seat with an exclamation. "Coram! The man is a demon! And such eyes. Ur!"

Dolores was interrupted by Longorio's voice beneath the open window. The general stood, cap in hand, looking up to Alaire a solitary wildflower which he had plucked beside the track. "See!" he cried. "It is the color of your adorable eyes—blue like the sapphire gem." He placed the delicate bloom in Alaire's fingers and was gone.

"Cuidado!" breathed Dolores. "There's blood on it; the blood of innocents. He will burn for a million years in hell, that man."

Jose Sanchez came plowing into Alaire's car, tremendously excited. "Look, senora!" he cried. "Look what the general gave me," and he proudly displayed Longorio's service revolver. Around Jose's waist was the cartridge belt and holster that went with the weapon. "With his own hands he buckled it about me, and he said, 'Jose, something tells me you are a devil for bravery. Guard your mistress with your life, for if any mishap befalls her I shall cut out your heart with my own hands.' Those were his very words, senora. Coram! There is a man to die for."

Nor was this the last of Longorio's frantic surprises. Shortly after the train had got under way the lieutenant in command of Alaire's guard brought her a small package, saying:

"The general commanded me to hand

you this, with his deepest regard."

Alaire accepted the object curiously. It was small and heavy and wrapped in several leaves torn from a notebook, and it proved to be nothing less than the splendid diamond-and-ruby ring she had admired.

"God protect us, now!" murmured Dolores, crossing herself devoutly.

CHAPTER VI.

Blaze Jones and His Neighbors.

Blaze Jones rode up to his front gate and dismounted in the shade of the big ebony tree. He stepped back and ran an approving eye over another animal tethered there. Of course the youths of this day were nothing like the youths of his own, and yet—Blaze let his gaze linger fondly on the highbred mare and her equipment—here at least was a person who knew a good horse, a good saddle and a good gun.

As he came up the walk he heard Paloma laugh, and his own face lightened, for his daughter's merriment was contagious. Then as he mounted the steps and turned the corner of the "gallery" he uttered a hearty greeting. "Dave Law! Where in the world did you drop from?"

Law uncoiled himself and took the ranchman's hand. "Hello, Blaze! I been ordered down here to keep you straight."

"Pshaw! Now who's been giving you orders, Dave?"

"Why, I'm with the Rangers."

"Never knew a word of it. Last I heard you was filibustering around with the Maderistas."

Blaze seated himself with a grateful sigh where the breeze played over him. He was a big, hearty, swarthy man with the square-jawed, deep-lined face of a tragedian, and a head of long, curly hair, which he wore parted in a line over his left ear. Jones was a character, a local landmark. This part of Texas had grown up with Blaze, and he possessed a splendid indifference to the artificial fads of dress and manners. He was plainly an outdoor man.

"So you're a Ranger, and got patches on your gun?" Blaze rolled and lit a tiny cigarette, scarcely larger than a wheat straw. "Well, you'd ought to make a right able thief-catcher, Dave, only for your size—you're too long for a man and you ain't long enough for a snake. Still, I reckon a thief would have trouble getting out of your reach, and once you got close to him—how many men have you killed?"

"Counting Mexicans?" Law inquired with a smile.

"Nobody counts them."

"Not many."

"That's good." Blaze nodded and reit his cigarette, which he had permitted promptly to smolder out. "The force ain't what it was. Most of the boys nowadays join so they can ride a horse cross-country, pack a pair of guns, and give rein to the predilections of a vicious ancestry. They're bad rams, most of 'em."

"There aren't many," said Paloma. "Dave tells me the whole force has been cut down to sixteen."

"That's plenty," her father averred. "It's like when Capt. Bill McDonald was sent to stop a riot in Dallas. He came to town alone, and when the citizens asked him where his men was, he said 'Ain't I enough? There's only one riot.' Are you workin' up a case, Dave?"

"Um—yes! People are missing a lot of stock hereabouts."

"It's these blamed refugees from the war! A Mexican has to steal some thing or he gets run down and pored. If it ain't stock, it's something else."

Dave Law's duties as a Ranger rested lightly upon him; his instructions were vague, and he had a leisurely method of "working up" his evidence. Since he knew that Blaze possessed a thorough knowledge of this section and its people, it was partly business which had brought him to the Jones home this afternoon.

Strictly speaking, Blaze was not a rancher. He had speculated heavily in raw lands, and for several years past he had devoted his energies to a gigantic colonization scheme. It was by no means a small operation in which he was engaged. The venture had taken foresight, courage, infinite hard work; Blaze was burdened with responsibilities that would have broken down a man of weaker fiber.

But his pet relaxation was reminiscence. His own experience had been wide, he knew everybody in his part of the state, and although events in his telling were sometimes colored by his rich imagination, the information he could give was often of the greatest value—as Dave Law knew.

After a time the latter said, casually, "Tell me something about Tad Lewis." Blaze looked up quickly. "What do you want to know?"

"Anything. Everything."

"Tad owns a right nice ranch between here and Las Palmas," Blaze said enthusiastically.

Paloma broke out impatiently. "Why don't you say what you think?" Then to Dave: "Tad Lewis is a bad neighbor, and always has been. There's a fort on his place, and we think he knows more about 'wet' cattle than he cares to tell."

"It's a good place to cross stock at low water," her father agreed. "And Lewis' land runs back from the Rio Grande in his old Spanish form. It's a natural outlet for those brush-country ranches. But I haven't anything against Tad except a natural dislike. He stands well with some of our best people, so I'm probably wrong. I usually am."

"You can't call Ed Austin one of our best people," sharply objected Paloma. "They claim that arms are being smuggled across to the rebels, Dave, and if it's true, Ed Austin—"

"Now, Paloma," her father remonstrated mildly. "The registers and the river guards watched Lewis' ranch till the embargo was lifted, and they never saw anything."

"I believe Austin is a strong rebel sympathizer," Law ventured.

"Sure! And him and the Lewis outfit are amigos. If you go piroloin' around Tad's place you're more apt to make yourself unpopular, Dave. To grieve some to see you in a wooden kinowa. Tad's too well fixed to steal cattle, and if he runs arms it's because he's a 'galvanized Gringo' himself—married a Mexican, you know."

When real-time drew near, both Jones and his daughter urged their guest to stay and dine with them, and Dave was glad to accept.

"After supper I'm going to show you our town," Blaze declared. "It's the finest city in south Texas, and growing like a weed. All we need is good farmers. Those we've got are mostly back-to-nature students who leaped a drug counter expecting to light in the lap of luxury. In the last outfit we

had a pair of driving mules to his buckboard, preparatory to showing his guest the glories of Jonesville, Dave said.

"Paloma's getting mighty pretty," he said as pretty as a bluebonnet flower," he father agreed. "And she runs me around something scandalous. I ain't got the freedom of a peon."

Blaze sighed and shook his shaggy head. "You know me, Dave; I never used to be scared of nobody. Well, it's different now. She rides me with a Spanish bit, and my soul ain't my own." With a sudden lightning of his gloom, he added: "Say, you're going to stay right here with us as long as you're in town; I want you to see how I cringe."

In spite of Blaze's plaintive tone it was patent that he was inordinately proud of Paloma and well content with his serfdom.

Jonesville proved to be a typical Texas town of the modern variety, and altogether different to the pictured frontier village. All in all, the effect was much like that of a prosperous, orderly northern farming town. To its happy founder it seemed well-nigh perfect, and its destiny roused his maddest enthusiasm. He pointed out the Odd Fellows hall, the Palace Picture theater, with its glaring orange lights and discordant electric piano; he conducted Law to the First National bank, of which Blaze was a proud but somewhat ornamental director; then to the sugar mill, the ice plant and other points of equally novel interest.

Everywhere he went Jones was hailed by friends, for everybody seemed to know him and to want to shake his hand.

"Some town and some body of men, eh?" he inquired, finally, and Dave agreed:

"Yes. She's got a grand framework. Blaze. She'll be most as big as Fort Worth when you fatten her up."

Jones waved his buggy whip in a wide circle that took in the miles of level prairie on all sides. "We've got the whole blaved state to grow in. And, Dave, I haven't got an enemy in the place! It wasn't many years ago that certain people allowed I'd never live to raise this town. Why, it used to be that nobody dared ride with me—except Paloma, and she used to sleep with a shotgun at her bedside."

"You sure have been a responsibility to her."

"But I'm as safe now as if I was in church."

"Dave Law turns up some surprising evidence against certain Texans and he makes important plans. It's all in the next installment."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The Ready Reckoner.

Grugs—Do you know any reliable rule for estimating the cost of living?

Stubbs—I do. You take your income—whatever that may be—and add 10 per cent.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

"I've no idea."

"Twenty-seven thousand dollars!" The father of Jonesville spoke proudly, impressively, and then through

habit called upon his daughter for verification. "Didn't I, Paloma?"

Miss Paloma's answer was unexpected, and came with equal emphasis: "No, you didn't, father. The miserable thing lost money."

Blaze was only momentarily disconcerted. Then he joined his visitor's laughter. "How can a man get along without the co-operation of his own household?" he inquired naively. "Maybe it was next year I was thinking about." Thereafter he confined himself to statements which required no corroboration.

Dave had long since learned that to hold Blaze Jones to a strict accountability with fact was to rob his society of its greatest charm. A slayish accuracy in figures, an arid lack of imagination, reduces conversation to the insipidness of flat wine, and Blaze's talk was never dull. It was a keen, shrewd, practical man, but somewhere in his being there was concealed a tremendous, lopsided sense of humor which took the form of a bewildering imagery. An attentive audience was enough for him, and once his fancy was in full swing, there was no limit to his outrageous exaggerations. A light of credulity in a hearer's eye filled him with prodigious mirth, and it is doubtful if his listeners ever derived a fraction of the amusement from his fabrications that he himself enjoyed. Paloma's spirit of contradiction was the only fly in his ointment; now that his daughter was old enough to "keep books" on him, much of the story-teller's joy was denied him.

Of course his proclivities, occasionally led to misapprehensions; chance acquaintances who recognized him as an ardent romancer were liable to consider him generally untruthful. But even in this misconception Blaze took a quiet delight, secure in the knowledge that all who knew him well regarded him as a rock of integrity. As a matter of fact, his genuine exploits were quite as sensational as those of his manufacture.

DAIRY

PROFITS FROM FALL CALVES

Farmers Find It Most Profitable to Have Cows Freshen in Autumn—Needs Less Feeding.

* Because more milk would be produced in the year and calves would be raised cheaper, farmers find it most profitable to have their cows freshen in the fall months.

The cow gives a large flow of milk at the beginning of the period of lactation. In the spring the milk yield, which gradually falls off, is suddenly increased when the cow is turned on fresh pasture.

Calves born in the fall need mainly milk and eat little grain during the period of winter feeding. When spring comes they are ready to be turned on pasture. Spring calves consume milk and grain during the cheap pasture season and require the same high-priced feeds during the following winter, when they are older and thus eat more. The fall-born calf at the same age needs only pasture.

At the Ohio experiment station some calves born in the fall were raised for about \$5 less than others born in the spring. Under average farm conditions this difference would be even greater, as no grain would be fed to fall-born calves on pasture, while those at the station were given grain because of pasture shortage.

"GENTLE" BULL DOES INJURY

Few "Don'ts" Given by Expert of Missouri College to Be Followed in Handling Bulls.

By W. W. SWETT, Missouri College of Agriculture.

Following are a few "don'ts" which can be followed to advantage in handling a bull:

Don't underfeed him when young or keep him overfat when mature.

Don't use him too heavily before he is mature.

Don't abuse him. You can get better results by gentle but firm handling. Don't tease him or allow children to play with him.

Don't let him get the upper hand at any time.

Don't let him realize his enormous strength.

Don't keep him confined. Give him plenty of exercise.

Don't trust any bull at any time. It is the "gentle" bull that does the damage.

CALF WEANER IS EFFECTIVE

Device Arranged With Sharp Point Which Pricks Youngster's Nose—Can Graze Freely.

When a calf, wearing this weaner, tries to get a meal from its mother, the sharp point pricks its nose, also the shield is curved at the sides and

prevents side sucking. Since the device is suspended freely from the nostrils, grazing is not interfered with.

prevents side sucking. Since the device is suspended freely from the nostrils, grazing is not interfered with.

KEEP CORRECT MILK RECORDS

Note Production of Each Individual Cow and Save Heifer Calves From Large Producers.

You cannot always buy good cows, but another way to get a good herd together is by keeping records of the production of each individual cow in your herd and saving the heifer calves from the larger producers. These calves being from a good registered sire and from selected cows, it will not take many years to build up a first-class herd. You can only know your best cows by continuous weighing and testing of the milk, and keeping records of each individual, so that some information may be secured as to the cost of production, which is growing more important as the prices of feed stuffs and labor advance.

CALVES GROWN ON SKIM MILK

Cost Is Less Than Where Whole Milk Is Fed—Animals Make Better Gains in the Feed Lot.

The cost of growing calves on skim milk was less than where whole milk was fed, or where the calves ran with their dams, and the skim-milk calves made better gains when put into the feed lot than the others did, according to some experimental work at the Kansas station.

It cost \$2.20 per 100 pounds gain on the calves fed on skim milk, \$7.90 per 100 pounds gain on whole milk, and \$4.41 per 100 pounds gain where the calves ran with their dams. When these same calves were put into the feed lot the skim-milk calves made the fastest gains and the whole-milk calves next.

CRISIS OF WOMAN'S LIFE

Change Safely Passed by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Wagoner, Okla.—"I never get tired of praising Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound because during Change of Life I was in bed two years and had two operations, but all the doctors and operations did me no good, and I would have been in my grave today had it not been for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, drowsiness, dizziness, fainting, tremors in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through the crisis.

which brought me out of it all right, so I am now well and do all my housework, besides working in my garden. Several of my neighbors have got well by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

—Mrs. VIOLA FENCAL, Wagoner, Okla.

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THE N.A.Z.U.P. CO. 426 L St. Baltimore, Md.

Rats and Mice.

At a time when everyone is complaining of the high cost of living it might be well to see if we cannot eliminate two great sources of waste—fires and rats.

Most fires are needless. All rats are so. Some years ago a study of the rat problem in Philadelphia arrived at the conclusion that the rodents of that city ate more than a million dollars' worth of food each year. At that rate, the disgusting creatures can hardly cost less than \$100,000,000 a year to the whole country. This is a pretty high price to pay for the companionship of unhip pests which, besides their other bad habits, undermine floors and carry the most dreaded of all diseases, tubercle plague.

Yet fires are more expensive than rats. In 1915—the last year for which figures are at hand—the American people paid out in premiums for fire insurance \$419,811,348. Of this vast sum at least three-fourths could be saved by reducing in England, France or Germany; and even in our time and nation \$300,000,000 per year is a saving worth noting, and one which would have a perceptible effect on the cost of living.

Not With His Money. "What are these cabinet financiers doing?" "They are planning to mobilize the nation's dollars."

"They are, eh? Well, I've got \$18.50 in the bank. I'll just draw it out and show those fellows a thing or two."

There is more power in kindness than there is in dynamite, but it takes longer to develop it.

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There is more power in kindness than there is in dynamite, but it takes

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Mothers know it stops croup
 because it cuts the thick chok-
 ing mucus, clears the throat of
 phlegm, stops the hoarse me-
 tallic cough, eases the difficult
 breathing, then quiet sleep.
 Mrs. T. Neureur, Eau Claire, Wis.,
 writes: "Foley's Honey and Tar com-
 pletely cured my boy of a very severe
 attack of croup. We have found expe-
 rience that it is a wonderful remedy for
 coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough."
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 Eastern Standard Time.

LIMITED CARS.
 For Detroit 8:45 a. m. and every two
 hours to 8:45 p. m.
 For Kalamazoo 9:15 a. m. and every
 two hours to 7:15 p. m. For Lansing
 9:45 a. m.

EXPRESS CARS.
 East Bound—7:15 a. m. and every
 two hours to 8:45 p. m.
 West Bound—12:20 p. m. and every
 two hours to 8:30 p. m. Express cars
 make local stops west of Ann Arbor.

LOCAL CARS.
 East Bound—6:30 p. m., 8:30 p. m. and
 10:10 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 12:45 a. m.
 West Bound—5:30 a. m., 8:20 a. m.,
 10:55 a. m. and 12:45 a. m.
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 and at Wayne for Plymouth and North-
 ville.

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 Morning worship at 10 o'clock with
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 "Succeeding in the Christian Life."
 Sunday school at 11:15 o'clock a. m.
 Class for men led by the pastor.
 Christian Endeavor meeting at 8:15
 p. m.

Popular Sunday evening services at
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 vitation to the young men of our
 community. The subject of the pastor's
 address will be, "Choosing a Wife."
 100 men wanted. Bring your families.
 The church with a welcome for all.

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J. O. Slater, Pastor.
 Church service at 10 o'clock a. m.
 Sunday school meets at 11 o'clock.
 Thursday evening at 8:15, cottage
 prayer meeting every week. Phone
 Mrs. R. P. Chase for the place of
 meeting.
 Everybody welcome.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
 German service Sunday at 9:30 a. m.
 Sunday school at 10:30 a. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. G. H. Whitney, Pastor.
 Morning service at 10 o'clock.
 Bible school at 11:15 a. m.
 Junior League at 3 p. m.
 Epworth League at 6 p. m.
 Evening service at 7 o'clock.
 Thursday prayer meeting 7 p. m.
 A cordial invitation to all.

SALEM GERMAN M. E. CHURCH,
 NEAR FRANKFORD.

Rev. G. C. Foltz, Pastor.
 Sunday school Sunday 9:30 a. m.
 German worship 10:30 a. m.
 Epworth League 7:30 p. m.
 English worship 8:00 p. m.
 Everybody most cordially invited.

ST. JOHN'S, FRANKFORD
 Rev. A. Beutenmiller, Pastor.
 Preaching service, Sunday after-
 noon at 1:35.
 Sunday school at 2:45 p. m.

Farmers' Club Meeting.
 The Western Washtenaw Farmers'
 Club will meet with Mr. and Mrs.
 Munson L. Burkhardt on Friday, April
 20. The program follows:

Music.
 Roll call, answered by question box.
 Each member to bring a question.
 Recitation, by Dr. Armour.
 Discussion, the farmers' duty to his
 country, led by O. C. Burkhardt.
 Music.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The boys have started training for
 the track meet.

Fire drill was held Tuesday and the
 building was cleared in fifty-five sec-
 onds.

School Commissioner Essery visited
 Chelsea schools Tuesday and gave a
 short talk to the high school.

The playground apparatus is all in
 place, and consists of a giant stride,
 six swings, four see-saws, eight trav-
 elling rings and a slide.

Miss Grace Marquand attended
 the public hearing of the McArthur
 amendment to the teachers' retire-
 ment bill at Lansing Tuesday night,
 as a delegate from Chelsea Teachers'
 Club.

Geo. W. Scherer, of Francisco, Secures
 Dort Agency.

Complying with a tremendously fast-
 growing demand in this vicinity for a
 light car of graceful design, economi-
 cal in first cost and operation, and
 powerful of construction, Mr. Scherer,
 the well-known Francisco merchant,
 has taken on the agency for the Dort
 Motor Car—a proven leader in the
 light car field. Mr. Scherer announces
 that his first demonstrator will arrive
 within the next few days and that he
 will have some big surprises in store
 for those who are looking for a car
 possessing complete equipment and
 all modern refinements at a price that
 is within their reach.

Mr. Scherer has just returned from
 the Dort factory at Flint, Michigan,
 and is enthusiastic over the excep-
 tional quality he saw built into the
 car.

"The Dort will upset motor car
 values in this locality," says Mr.
 Scherer. "It compares favorably with
 with cars in the thousand dollar class
 and rides fully as comfortable. It is
 equipped with Westinghouse two-unit
 electric starter, generator, electric
 lights, rain vision windshield, de-
 monstrable rims, and one-man-top—
 nothing is lacking to make it one of
 the most comfortable cars to be had
 at any price; these refinements, com-
 bined with a chassis of exceptional
 strength and a powerful motor of
 French design, make a person mar-
 vel at the remarkably low price—\$685.00.
 The Dort is certainly an unusual car
 at an unusual price."—Adv.

James B. Bartch, painting, decorat-
 ing, wood finishing, paperhanging,
 130 East st., Chelsea. 40

THE MAN IN THE STORM

By OLIVER GRAY.

"Janet, dear, won't you please come
 to the hotel with us and stay all night?
 We've stayed out so late at shows and
 things we can't let you go so far alone
 now."

"No, Sally, thanks just the same. I'll
 take the subway and be home in no
 time. I live so near to the car, you
 know."

"It isn't near—it's several blocks and
 you shan't go alone. Henry will cer-
 tainly go with you."

"Henry certainly will not. You two
 are so tired doing New York now you
 walk as if you were on pegs, and
 Henry's eyes look like holes burned in
 paper for want of sleep. We girls get
 accustomed to going around alone, and
 you needn't think I'm a martyr."

"Well, little sister, all right," acquiesced Sally. "You are too independent
 for comfort, though, sometimes. This
 musical career in the first place is all—"

Janet laid her hand over her sister's
 mouth. "Hush! Here we are at the
 station. Now good-night."

She had been just long enough in the
 metropolis to get over the wonder of
 it, then over the disgust of it, for there
 is always reaction, and to take the
 philosophical view that is best. Her
 music and little else really interested
 her. She had her wagon hitched to
 the star of a musical career and she
 was willing to work and sacrifice ev-
 erything for its sake.

Hartley Howard had insisted that
 his love for her counted for more than
 music, and it had been a long, hard
 fight to convince herself that he was
 wrong. She had asked her sister about
 him that night so indifferently that
 even Sally's sharp eyes were deceived.

"He's doing pretty well, Janet," she
 had answered. "They say he's going
 with Mary Porter, but I don't know for
 sure. Think how funny it will be some
 day, sister, when you're away up in
 grand opera and just home from the
 courts of Europe to have Hartley pre-
 sent you to Mary, fat and forty, and
 with a family of six to cook and sew
 for!" She had meant it kindly, for
 she thought Janet was looking a bit
 white and peaked, but her words had
 brought life-answering smile.

"It seems a good piece ahead," sighed
 Janet.

She thought it all over now in the
 car and she was very close to the blue
 which separates all from weakness.
 Was she getting homesick? Then she
 thought of the European courts and of
 darning stockings and cooking. The
 brave color came back to her cheeks
 and she sat very erect. She had chosen
 a career and she was going to make
 good.

The train stopped at her station and
 she got off. Others got off other cars
 and went up the steps of the subway
 exit to scatter at the top in different
 directions. A fine sleet had started to
 fall and the wind which was blowing a
 gale sent the fine, icy particles into her
 eyes. She turned up her fur collar,
 tightened her veil, and, snatching her
 face into her muff, started up the
 street.

At the same time a man started af-
 ter her. At first Janet paid little at-
 tention to him, but as she left the lights
 behind and plunged into the darkness
 ahead she felt uneasy. She walked
 faster but the man soon overtook her,
 walking beside her and snuffing his step
 to hers. Janet kept straight ahead,
 never so much as glancing aside. But
 she knew that he, too, had his hand
 down against the wind and the collar
 of his great overcoat was almost touch-
 ing his hat.

"If you're afraid I shall be glad to
 take you home," he said finally, his
 voice coming in fitful jerks as the wind
 caught it.

"No, thank you! I'm not afraid,"
 said Janet as firmly as she could with
 her teeth chattering.

"But I'm going to the ferry and I'll
 just walk with you, if you don't mind."

No answer, but he was not discour-
 aged. He kept right beside her.

"I'm not accustomed to being out
 so late!" She decided it was best to
 let him know that she was a proper,
 law-abiding person. "I was with some
 friends from the West and wouldn't
 let them bring me home." She thought
 he would go then, but he didn't.

"I'm from the West, too," he said.
 "This isn't very far West," she
 amended. "It's only in western Penn-
 sylvania!"

"Why, that's where I'm from!"
 "Is that so?" Janet was interested.
 "What is the place?"

"Not far from Pittsburgh. A town
 called Lockton."

"Why, that—whom do you know in
 Lockton?"

"Oh, everybody. Do you know any-
 one there?"

"Yes."

"Do you know the Moores?" he
 asked eagerly. "Do you know Janet
 Moore?"

Janet caught his sleeve and turned
 him sharply. "Hart!" she cried. "Don't
 you know me?"

"Janet!"

And suddenly European courts and
 darning were forgotten. He hadn't
 asked her if she knew Mary Porter. He
 still loved her and she had no will to
 resist.

"I'm going home, Hart!" she said in
 the shelter of the entrance where they
 could talk.

"Why, Janet?"
 "Oh, to marry you, I guess. Don't
 you want me?"

A Tire for Every
 Need of Price and
 Use—
 'Nobby' 'Choin'
 'Royal Cord'
 'Usco' 'Plain'

Tremendous Sales—
The Public's Answer

"Is my product right?" asks the manufacturer;
 —"the most efficient, enduring construction?"
 —"made of the best materials?"
 —"by the most skillful workmen?"
 And the public gives the answer—through sales.

The motoring public has given the answer to
 United States Tires—through sales
 —sales increases—which are big—continuously big
 —and growing bigger;
 —so big, in fact, that they are growing even faster
 than the amazing growth of the automobile industry.
 That's the motoring public's answer
 —that United States Tires—all five types—give
 supreme service.

United States Tires
Are Good Tires

United States Tubes
 and Tire Accessories
 Have All the Sterling
 Worth and Wear that
 Make United States
 Tires Supreme.

Reminder of "Training Days."
 W. K. Guerin found the following
 reminder of old-time training days
 while looking through some old pa-
 pers recently:

This may certify that Charles
 Guerin has this day appeared on
 parade in full uniform in the Har-
 dett Light Infantry Company, un-
 der my command, in the 15th
 Regiment, 50th Brigade, and 20th
 Division of Infantry of the Militia
 of the State of New York.
 JAMES M. PURLE, Captain.
 Hector, Tompkins Co.
 September 6, 1911.

VALUABLE ADVICE

Chelsea Citizens Should Profit by the
 Following Statement.

Doan's Kidney Pills were used by this
 Chelsea resident.

Their merit was shown—the story
 told.

Now comes further evidence.
 The testimony is confirmed.

The remedy was tested—the results
 lasted.

Could Chelsea residents demand
 stronger proof?

A Chelsea testimony. It can be
 investigated.

Mrs. S. J. Trouton, McKinley St.,
 Chelsea, says: "I suffered from back-
 ache and distressing pains in the re-
 gion of my kidneys. I had headaches
 and dizzy spells. The action of my
 kidneys was too frequent and caused
 considerable annoyance. I tried sev-
 eral remedies without relief until I
 used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured
 from Fen's Drug Store. They re-
 lieved the back, strengthened my
 kidneys and benefited me generally."

Over Three Years Later, Mrs.
 Trouton said: "Doan's Kidney Pills
 cured me of kidney complaint and the
 cure has been a lasting one."

Price 50c. at all dealers. Don't
 simply ask for a kidney remedy—get
 Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that
 Mrs. Trouton has twice publicly re-
 commended. Foster-Milburn Co.,
 Props., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

Look for John Farrell & Co.'s ad-
 vertisement in this issue.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John Keelan, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 25th day of May and on the 25th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated March 25th, 1917.
 Lewis H. Hildreth,
 John E. Wahl,
 Commissioners.

Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Ellen Keelan, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 25th day of May and on the 25th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated March 25th, 1917.
 Lewis H. Hildreth,
 John E. Wahl,
 Commissioners.

Chelsea Greenhouses

CUT FLOWERS
 POTTED PLANTS
 FUNERAL DESIGNS

Elvira Clark-Visel
 Phone 180-F21, FLORIST

JACKSON—William Neil, 70 years
 old, was burned to death Tuesday
 afternoon when children playing with
 matches set fire to the home of
 Merle Wyatt, with whom the old
 man lived. The old man was alone in
 the house with the children. He was
 asleep when Herbert Wyatt, 5 years
 old, set fire to some paper, the flame
 being communicated to a gasoline

HARVEST

We cannot harvest your crops, but we can
 take care of the proceeds for you. Establish
 your credit at this Bank by keeping your account
 here.

Farmers & Merchants Bank

1634
Probate Order
 STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said County of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on the 5th day of March, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.
 Present, Emory E. LeClair, Judge of Probate.
 In the matter of the estate of Caroline S. Knece, deceased.
 On reading and filing the duly verified petition of Charles J. Downer, executor, praying that a certain paper in writing and now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of Caroline S. Knece be admitted to probate, and that Charles J. Downer, the executor named in said will, or some other suitable person be appointed executor thereof and that appraisers and commissioners be appointed.
 It is ordered, that the 25th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office be appointed for hearing said petition.
 And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks prior to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Washtenaw.
 [A true copy]
 Doreen C. Donner, Reporter.

1635
Commissioners' Notice.
 STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of George H. Hildreth, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, in the Village of Chelsea, in said County, on the 25th day of May and on the 25th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

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